

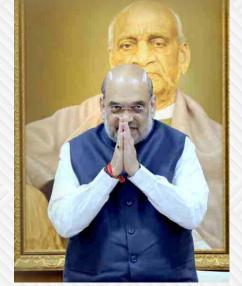




The government led by Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi has successfully completed its 9 years. The Modi government has worked towards improving the lives of people by enabling progress in every area.

This report details the works completed by the Ministry of Home Affairs during these 9 years, under the guidance of Modi ji.









CONTENTS

Jammu and Kashmir - A new dawn of progress and peace	05
Ladakh Steps Ahead - Decade-long desires of Ladakh fulfilled	14
Northeast on the Road of Progress - Dawn of peace, stability, and development	17
Decisive Battle with left-wing extremism - Rise of peace, stability and development	26
Drug Free India - No more Drug Trade	32
War on Terror - The Policy of Zero Tolerance Demoralised Terrorism	39
Strengthening the Federal Structure - Inter-state relationships got better with the policy of solution through dialogue	43

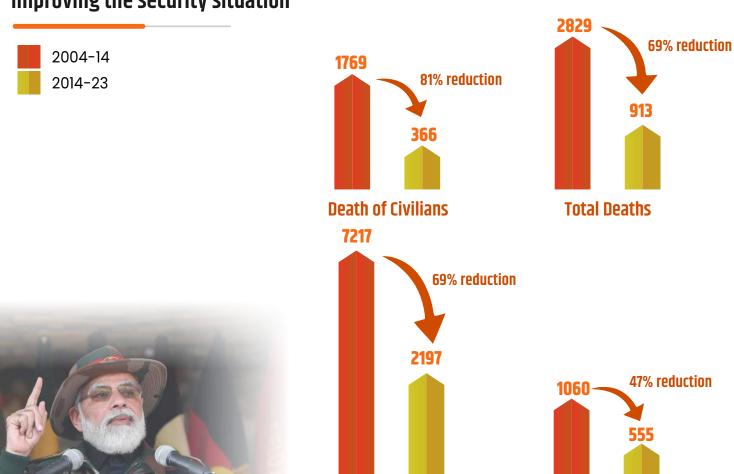
Government Strict on Cybercrime - Curbing cyber-crime with real-time reporting, use of high-end technology and creating awareness.	49
Forensic Science - Justice is inherent in Forensic Science.	57
Border Security - With a vigilant security system, Indian borders became impenetrable.	60
Coastal Security - Ever-alert surveillance on waterways.	64
Disaster Management - Holistic Approach of Awareness, Vigilance, Relief, Rescue, Rehabilitation	67
Changed the British Era Laws - The criminal justice system will undergo transformation.	72
Union Territories - Development of Union Territories in the priorities list of the Centre.	78
Island Area - Prioritising of tourism has opened doors of progress.	82
Citizenship - Justice to the people who were harassed in the name of religion by settling up pending issues for decades.	86
Official Language - Special importance to Hindi in all official works.	87
Visa Process - Verification with the help of technology, procedure has been made easy, going abroad has become easier	89
FCRA - Better Compliance, transparency and accountability.	92
Tree Plantation Campaign - Targeted Campaign To Environment Protection	94
Police Training and Honour - Efforts to improve the Police system through teaching, research, empowerment and security	96
Delhi Police - The Harbinger of the security of National Capital.	103
Ministry of Home Affairs - Rapid Administrative improvement toward smooth functioning	108
Women Safety	110





Unprecedented improvements in security: Strategy Siddhi Modernization and Attack on terrorism Strict implementation strengthening of and increase in of laws security equipment counter insurgency laws grid Mainstreaming youth Ban on glorification of Major role of Jammu Construction of power by controlling and Kashmir Police impenetrable prisons terrorists counter radicalization

Improving the security situation



Terrorist Incidents

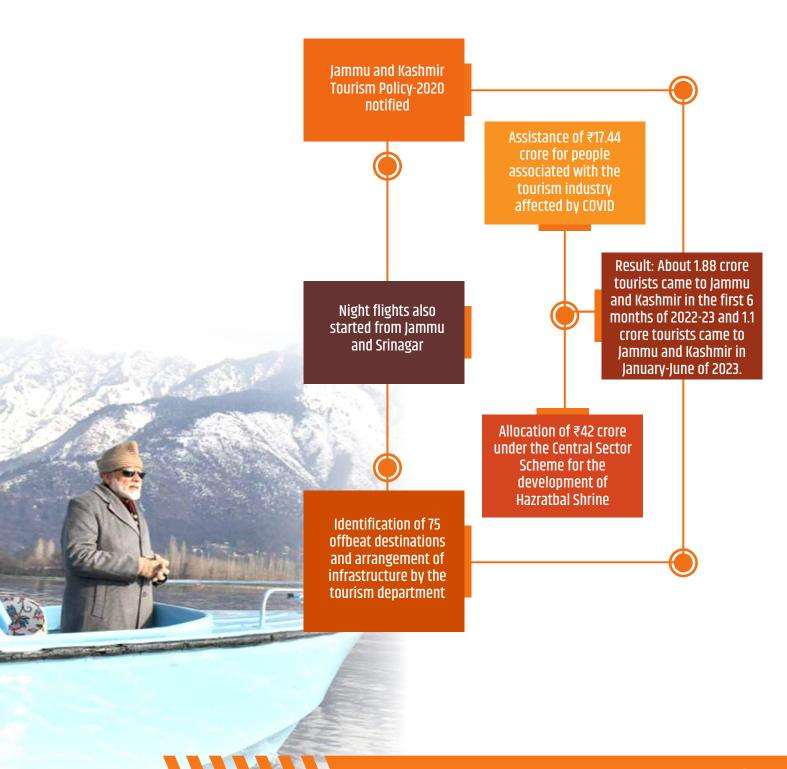
Death of Security Forces



Earlier, in the data of 1037 days, the figures of terrorist incidents and encounters were not separate. Therefore, in the above updated figures, the data related to terrorist incidents and encounters have been shown separately, and the number of civilians killed in encounters has also been included in the above figures.

Development of Tourism

Several efforts have been made to promote the tourism industry, which is the mainstay of employment in Jammu and Kashmir.



Strengthening grassroots democracy with the revival of Panchayati Raj system



In October 2020, District
Development Councils were
created by amending the
Jammu and Kashmir
Panchayati Raj Act.

In November-December 2018, 74.1% voter turnout was recorded in Panchayati elections held in nine phases without any violence. For the first time in the history of Jammu and Kashmir, a record 98.3% voter turnout took place without any violence in the Block Development Council elections in October 2019.

32,002 Elected Representatives (ERS) members were trained by conducting training and exposure visits. 4097 Elected Representatives (ERS) were sent outside the Union Territory for training cum exposure.

More than ₹1000 Crore per year to Rural Local Bodies (Panchayats) are being provided in last two years as development grant which were dormant till now.

In 2022-23, civic bodies have completed 1968 works and work is in progress on 1098. The completed works were authenticated by Geo Tagging. On the death of Sarpanch/Panch/BDC/Chairma n in terrorist incidents, his family was given financial compensation of 25 lakhs.

Jammu and Kashmir on the path of effective identification in the industrial map of India



Under this, 63 projects were planned at a cost of ₹ 80 thousand crore for the overall development of the erstwhile state of Jammu and Kashmir, out of which there are 53 projects worth ₹ 58,477 crore in UT of Jammu and Kashmir and 32 of them are completed / substantially completed.

Emphasis on Infrastructure

Power generation

Work in progress with a target of 5000 MW in next 5 years

624 MW kiru HEP project at a cost of ₹4287 crores- work in progress

540 MW Kwar HEP project at a cost of ₹4526 crores - work in progress

Shahpur Kundi Irrigation and Power Project at a cost of ₹2793 crores - work in progress

Irrigation Schemes

62 crore for main Ravi canal - 90% work completed

The third phase of the 45 crore Tral lift irrigation scheme

The work of the first phase of flood management plan in Jhelum and tributaries worth ₹399 crores completed

Expansion of Rail Network: Work on Udhampur-Srinagar-Baramulla rail link in progress **Pradhan Mantri Gramin Sadak Yoiana**

Under PMGSY, roads of 6,912 km length were constructed during the last 3 years.

Black-taping of 19,096 km of roads was done during the last 4 years.

All settlements with population more than 1000 were connected by road.

The daily average rate of macadamization increased from 8.57 km by the year 2019 to 15.75 km during the year 2023.

Industrial development

Promotion of industries with the central government's outlay of 28,400 crores



13 regional policies with land banks to attract investors

Provision of 6 thousand acres of land for the establishment of industrial estate, out of which 3 thousand acres of land has already been identified

The Jammu and Kashmir government gave an economic package of ₹1350 crore to the entrepreneurs during Covid

Investment proposals worth Rs 80,000 crore received

An investment of ₹2153 crore was made, providing employment to more than 11000 persons during the year 2022-23.

Promotion of local products

GI tagging of Saffron and Basmati for effective domestic and international marketing

Doda's Gucchi mushroom also got GI tag

GI tag for Cherry, Rajmara Beans, Black Cumin under process

Expansion of the scope of high density plantation to include Mango, Litchi, Cherry, Walnut, Apple etc.

Genome sequence research is in progress to improve the world famous pashmina producing goat breed

Under the National Saffron Mission, an increase in crop yield from 1.88 kg per hectare to 4.5 kg per hectare was ensured One District One Product (ODOP) list has been notified

Youth got hope from education facilities and employment opportunities

Historical increase in the number of educational institutions

Colleges/Seats	1947-2014	2014-23
Medical colleges	4 Medical colleges	07 Medical colleges 15 Nursing colleges
Medical seats	500 MBBS seats 367 PG seats	600 MBBS seats added 270 PG seats added 282 DNB seats declared 590 BSc Para Medical Seat 610 BSc Nursing Seat
Degree Colleges/Engineering Colleges	96 colleges	53 new colleges including 2 new engineering colleges

Employment Opportunities





2.85 lakh youth got employment under self-employment scheme.



Under Mission Youth, 70,000 youth are being provided means of livelihood.



Recruitment took place on 29,295 gazetted, non-gazetted posts in various departments.



518 new youth clubs established, with more than 1 lakh youth members



70,576 SHGS established under NRLM-Umeed



Under Mission Youth, youth are getting small commercial vehicles to provide permanent employment at zero margin money.



Provision of facility of training and financial assistance to entrepreneurial women under Tejaswini program



Initiative to provide coaching facility
to young boys and girls for
competitive examinations through
Parwaz program by renowned
institutes



Efforts to train women
entrepreneurs and connect them
with the global market through the
Hausala program





Rights given to the underprivileged



After the abrogation of Article 370, the scheduled castes, tribes, women and senior citizens of Jammu and Kashmir got all the rights that are available in other states of India.

Social Welfare

Pahari community got 4% reservation by amendment in reservation rules.

The benefit of reservation in direct recruitment and admission, which was hitherto available to the residents of villages near the LoC, has also been extended to the residents of villages near the International Border (IB).

Economically weaker sections got the benefit of 10% reservation.

Due to change in domicile laws, Safai Karamcharis were eligible for all government jobs and other benefits in the state.

Scheduled Tribes

Recognition of Scheduled Tribes and other Traditional Forest Dwellers Rights Act 2006 was implemented Implementation of Pradhan Mantri Van Dhan Yojana in collaboration with TRIFED for Minimum Support Price for Minor Forest Produce

Coverage of 100% Pre Matric Scholarship and Post Matric Scholarship to Gujjar and Bakarwal students.

The target of 100% disbursement through direct benefit transfer to ST students will be completed soon.

Highest ever scholarship outlay of ₹25 crore for tribal students in 2022-23

933 mini sheep goat farms established for livelihood to tribal youth.

The work of setting up a network of tribal sub-areas and mobile health centers under the Tribal Health Scheme is in progress.

Mobile Veterinary Health Scheme also started.

130 smart schools approved for tribal areas, undertaking 6 Eklavya model residential schools.

The work of setting up 29 cluster Mandal villages is in progress.



100% implementation of central government schemes

Sankalpse Siddhi

Flagship Program

- **Swachh Bharat Mission**: Jammu and Kashmir declared free from open defecation.
- Construction of 1,45,193 houses under **Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana Gramin** & Urban.
- Jal Jeevan Mission (JJM): All districts towards achieving the target. Piped water supply in all schools and Anganwadi centers.
- Smart City Mission: 265 projects sanctioned and 156 projects completed.
- **Witrition campaign**: 7.86 lakh beneficiaries under ICDS.
- Pradhan Mantri Matri Vandana Yojana: 55.737 beneficiaries
- National Health Mission: 99.88% immunization coverage 1.96 lakh institutional deliveries.

- **PMJAY**: 82.22 lakh beneficiary families and 296 empaneled hospitals.
- 100% target achieved in 17 individual beneficiary oriented schemes (Ujjwala and Ujala, Indradhanush, Saubhagya).
- Target achieved in 3 schemes of **social security**.
- Achieved full target of **5 scholarship schemes** under which 5.55 lakh students benefited.
- Farmers: 12.83 lakh farmers benefited under KCC and ₹2,517 crore directly deposited in the accounts of 12.47 lakh eligible farmers during the year 2022-23 under PM Kisan.
- Full target of **PM Mudra Yojana** achieved.

Other Improvements

Ease of traveling from other states

With the cancellation of the Lakhanpur toll tax booth, no permission is required to travel from other states. Apart from this, the abolition of toll tax at railway stations, airports and all checkpoints has facilitated inter-state trade.



The tradition of two courts ended

This reform will save the state ₹200 crore, but it will reduce the pressure on the security forces, save one working month, the secretariats of Jammu and Srinagar will be open to the public throughout the year and government work will be done continuously done without any hassle and disruptions.



Rehabilitation of Migrants and Refugees

Government jobs to 3000 additional Kashmiri migrants.

2,645 Kashmiri migrants are already engaged under PMDP-2015. 192 verifications are pending at various levels. 40 subjudices. 123 posts were re-advertised.

प्रवासियों के लिए ट्रांजिटआवास के निर्माण को पूरा करने का कार्य प्रगति पर

Financial assistance of ₹5.50 lakh per family to 5764 families of West Pakistan Refugees (WPR) by Government of India.

One-time financial assistance of ₹ 5.5 lakh per family to 36,384 displaced families settled from POJK, Chhamb and Niabat and similar financial assistance also approved to 5300 families who had earlier migrated out of Jammu and Kashmir and later returned. An amount of ₹1452.33 crore has been distributed to 33,636 beneficiaries since inception. The deadline of this scheme has been extended till 31 March 2023.

Bharat Darshan Tours/Know Your Country Program

In the year 2022-23, (till March 16, 2023) an amount of ₹12.45 crore has been released for conducting these tours.

Citizen Action Program (CAP)

In the year 2022-23, (till March 16, 2023) an amount of ₹4.78 crore has been released for the operation of these activities.

Women Empowerment through SEWA (Self Employed Women's Association)

Government of India has established a center in district Gandharbal with the help of SEWA, the activities of this center are going smoothly.

A total amount of ₹73.62 lakh has been released for the operation so far. Under this project, 2423 trainees and 543 master trainers

have been trained so far.

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The Modi government's top priority is to eradicate corruption and terrorism from Jammu and Kashmir and make it a leading state in every field across the country.

Shri Amit Shah (Hon'ble Home Minister)



Ladakh Steps Ahead

Decade-long desires of Ladakh fulfilled



The Ladakh region was left behind in the race for development due to the difference in social fabric and the so-called discrimination of the state governments. But after the removal of Article 370 in 2019, Ladakh got the status of Union Territory.

Cooperation of the Central Government

With the special cooperation of the Center, now Ladakh is independently paving the way for its development.

Prime Minister Development Package (PMDP)

. The Prime Minister announced a developmental package called "Prime Minister's Development Package-2015 (PMDP-2015)" consisting of 63 projects with a total cost of ₹80,068 crore for the overall development of the erstwhile state of Jammu and Kashmir. ₹21,441 crores are exclusively for the Union Territory of Ladakh. Out of these 9 projects, 1 project has been closed, 2 projects have been completed and the remaining 6 are in various stages of implementation.

Increased budget allocation

To ensure the all-round development of Ladakh, the budget allocation has been increased significantly to ₹5958.00 crores per year in 2020-21, 2021-22, 2022-23 and 2023-24.

GG

The revocation of Article 370 of the Constitution marks a new beginning for the Ladakh region. The government, under the leadership of Modi Ji, is dedicated to ensuring that the people of Ladakh receive the same opportunities and benefits as those in other parts of the country.

- Shri Amit Shah (Hon'ble Home Minister)



Development of Projects/Schemes





Sindus Infrastructure

Development Corporation
(SIDCO) set up: With an
equity capital of ₹25 crore,
the corporation will promote
infrastructure and industrial
development.



Health Facilities: SNM
Hospital, Leh and District
Hospital, Kargil have 90
bedded facilities including
10 bedded Pediatric ICU
Ward, 10 bedded Adult ICU
Ward and 70 oxygen
supported beds each.



Multi-purpose indoor stadium and ice hockey ring are being constructed and a synthetic track has been made functional at the Open Stadium, Leh. One Astroturf open stadium each has been constructed in Leh and Kargil districts.



Power Transmission Line: with the cost of ₹1310 crore, 220 KV intra state transmission line i.e. Kargil-Padum-Janskar (207KM) and Pyang-Diskit-Nubra (100 KM) approved



Snow clearance machinery:
procured at a cost of ₹30
crore to keep the KargilZanskar Road (NH-301) and
Ladakh's interior roads open
during winters. Zojila Marg
has also been kept open for
longer hours.



Integrated Solid Waste
Management Plant (ISWMP):
Work has been completed. It
is also among the best
practices in municipal solid
waste management
technological innovation in
NITI Aayog's 'WASTE-WISE
CITIES'.



Construction of 300 bedded hospital at Kargil has been completed and made operational.



Helipads and Hangars: Work has started on 42 helipads and 2 hangars, out of which work on 30 helipads and 02 hangar have been completed.



National Institute of SOWA-RIGPA: Work in progress to revive the traditional system of medicine since its establishment.



Information Communication and Technology (ICT) Lab and Smart Classrooms: 91 schools benefitted.



For digital learning in government schools, 40 smart classrooms have been set up in upper primary schools.





Establishment of Central University approved.



Establishment of 550 KW Mini Hydro Project.



Srinagar-Leh 220 KV transmission line has been completed.



50 MW solar power project approved at Phynag, Leh.



Work on Zojila tunnel on Srinagar-Leh highway is in progress.



Road construction: After formation of UT, 750 km. road constructed and black topped.



Cold Storage Facility: Construction of 1000 MT facility completed in Leh.



Ladakh Green House Project: 1865 polycarbonate green houses have been installed.



10 new tourist circuits and 5 new trekking routes:
Opening of employment opportunities.



Development of Changthang area: ₹129.50
crore sanctioned.



Sustainable Industrial Policy (2022-27) has been notified, which aims at harnessing the unique strengths of the region such as local resources, traditional skills by employing modern technology and exploring all the economic opportunities that exist.

Women Empowerment through SEWA (Self Employed Women's Association)

Government of India has sanctioned two centers at Leh (with sub center at Kargil) with the help of SEWA. A total amount of ₹1.09 crore has been released so far for the activities and smooth functioning of this center. Under this project, 2050 trainees and 93 master trainers have been trained so far.

Northeast on the Road of Progress Beginning of an era of Peace, Stability and Development

The focus of North East India has always been Top Priority for Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi. The Prime Minister has called these 8 states Ashtalakshmi and has put before us the vision of 'Purvodaya'. The Ministry of Home Affairs has successfully worked to promote Peace and Stability under the Prime Minister's guidance by enhancing the dignity, culture, language, literature, and music of Northeast with a "Whole of Government Approach."

Challenge

After independence, the pace of development in the North Eastern states, had slowed down and had been a victim of negligence and petty politics for a long time. The situation was evident that the violent separatism was spreading its feet, thus, the challenge was not only to restore peace in these states but also to bring them back to the mainstream of development and make them partners in the development journey of New India.

Strategy

Soon after assuming office in 2014, Shri Narendra Modi gave priority to the North East under the Act East Policy. The Home Ministry played a special role in achieving the Prime Minister's vision in these states affected by border and violent separatism. The Home Ministry formulated a three-pronged strategy to deal with this challenge.

The first objective is to preserve and promote the dialects, languages, dance, music, food, culture and to draw attention to it throughout India.

The second is to put an end to all disputes in the North-East and make it a Peaceful and Stable Region.

And the third important objective is to make North East a Developed Region.



Our Northeast is exceptionally distinctive. Its natural beauty is unmatched, and the people who reside here are highly skilled. The Northeast is now acknowledged for its outstanding accomplishments as well.

- Shri Narendra Modi (Hon'ble Prime Minister)

Impact

Sankalp se Siddhi ke

The effect of these strategies is that, since 2014 peace has been established in the North East. Separatists are joining the mainstream, settling border disputes between states, whereas ethnic conflict is decreasing and new dimensions of development are being shaped continuously.

Safe North East

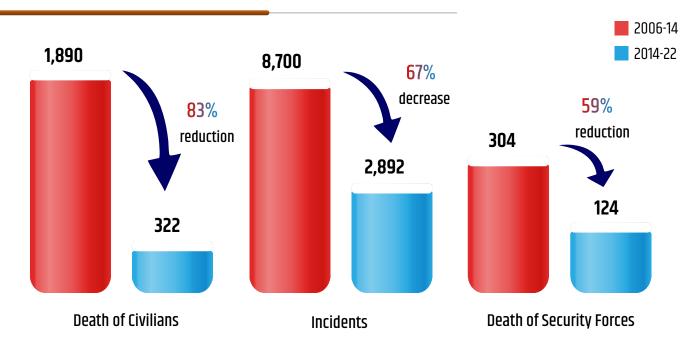
Under the guidance of Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi and under the leadership of Home Minister Shri Amit Shah, the Union Home Ministry has set a target to end all disputes in the North East and start a new era of peace, stability, and development in the North East.

Home Minister Shri Amit Shah ji believes that development cannot be materialized without peace, if every person wants employment, health, and education along with a house and electricity, then it cannot be done by taking up arms. There was a time when agitations and disputes in the Northeast were every now and then. But in the last few years, the Modi government has successfully set the narrative that "development requires cooperation and diligence, not agitation or disagreement."

It is the result of the strong policy of the Modi government and the time-bound strategies of the Home Minister that gradually all the problems of the North-East are being solved and the region is moving forward on the path of peace and stability.

Since 2014, the security situation in the North Eastern States has improved considerably under the government of Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi. The Home Minister, Shri Amit Shah, reviews the security situation and development programs in North East India every 15 days.

After 2014, there has been a sharp decline in violent incidents



More than 8,000 militants have surrendered since 2014

In the last four years since 2019 in last two decades, there have been the lowest incidents of insurgency, and casualties of civilians and security forces.

An amount of ₹2,700 crores have been released in the Security Related Expenditure (SRE) on various security overheads and on rehabilitation of surrendered rebels in the last nine years.

Agreements Opened the Doors to Solutions



Due to the policy efforts of the Central Government, peace and stability have been established through dialogue and settlement of several decades-old problems.



NLFT-SD Agreement (2019)

Under the guidance of Hon'ble Home Minister Shri Amit Shah, the Union Home Ministry signed an agreement with the Sabir Kumar Debbarma-led National Liberation Front of Tripura and 88 activists surrendered with 44 weapons at a surrender ceremony. Under the agreement, a provision of a special economic development package of ₹100 crore was made for the development of tribal areas.

BRU Agreement (2020)

An agreement was signed by the Union Government of India, Government of Tripura, and Government of Mizoram on January 16, 2020 with representatives of BRU migrants in the presence of the Hon'ble Home Minister Shri Amit Shah ji for the permanent domicile of BRU (Reang) in Tripura. As per the agreement, 6959 BRU families (37,136 persons) will be rehabilitated in Tripura and for their rehabilitation, in Tripura, a financial assistance/package of ₹661 crore will be given.



Bodo Accord (2020)

The MoU was signed on January 27, 2020 by the Government of India, the Government of Assam, and representatives of Bodo Groups to resolve the long pending Bodo issue in the presence of Hon'ble Home Minister Shri Amit Shah. A special development package of ₹1500 crore is also provisioned. After this agreement, 1615 workers of NDFB factions laid down their arms.

Karbi Agreement (2021)

In the presence of Union Home Minister, Shri Amit Shah, a historic Karbi Anglong Agreement to end the decades-old crisis ensuring Assam's territorial integrity was signed in New Delhi with representatives of Karbi groups on September 4, 2021. After this more than 1000 armed cadres renounced violence and joined the mainstream of society.





Tribal Peace Agreement (2022)

To resolve the long pending issue of tribals and tea garden workers in Assam, a Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) was signed in presence of Hon'ble Home Minister Shri Amit Shah with representatives of 8 tribal groups on September 15, 2022, after which 1182 cadres of tribal groups joined the mainstream by laying down arms.



Assam-Meghalaya Inter-State Boundary Agreement (2022)

A historic agreement was signed in presence of Union Home Minister Shri Amit Shah on March 29, 2022 to settle the dispute of six out of the total twelve areas of an interstate border dispute between the states of Assam and Meghalaya.





Assam-Arunachal Pradesh Inter-State Boundary Agreement (2023)

Today, on April 20, 2023, the historic MoU was signed by the Chief Ministers of Assam and Arunachal Pradesh in the presence of Home Minister Shri Amit Shah. This MoU shall be a full and final agreement in respect of the 123 disputed villages and no new claim pertaining to any area or village shall be raised in the future.

Dimasa National Liberation Army (DNLA) Agreement (2023)

On April 27, 2023, in the presence of Home Minister Mr. Amit Shah, a tripartite agreement was signed between the Government of India, the Government of Assam and the Dimasa National Liberation Army (DNLA) to end violence and ensure the all-round development of the Dimasa people. The representatives of the Dimasa National Liberation Army have agreed to abandon the path of violence and join the peaceful democratic process, and 168 armed cadres have abandoned violence and joined the mainstream of society as a result of this agreement.



Other peace efforts



The United Liberation Front of Assam (ULFA) (pro-dialogue) is under the Suspension of Operations (SoO) agreement with the Government of India indefinitely.

Suspension of Operations
(SoO) agreements with
Manipur's United People's
Front (UPF) and Kuki National
Organisation (KNO) were
extended.

The Completion of Operation (COO) agreement was signed with Manipur's Zeliangrong United Front (ZUF) group on December 27, 2022.

A Framework Agreement was signed with NSCN(IM) on August 3, 2015.

The ceasefire agreements with NSCN (NK), NSCN(R) and NSCN (K-Khango) of Nagaland were extended.

The ceasefire agreement was signed with the National Socialist Council of Nagaland (K)Nikki group on September 8, 2021, and more than 200 cadres of the group joined the peace process with 83 weapons.

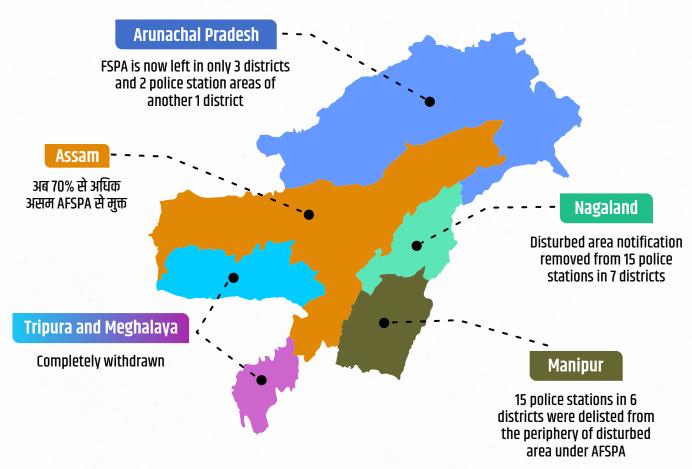


From Insecurity to Aspiration



The area of AFSPA was reduced, and people felt secure

Under the leadership of Home Minister Shri Amit Shah, disturbed areas under the Armed Forces Special Powers Act (AFSPA) have been reduced as a result of the improved security situation, meeting the long-pending heartfelt desire of the North Eastern states. This region is rapidly transitioning from instability to aspiration.



All-round development of the North East

At one time, the North East had an important share in the GDP of the country, but over time this entire region became known for unrest and lock down. Industries became extinct due to which a large number of migrations took place from here.

But after 2014, the efforts made under Hon'ble Prime Minister Modi's Look East Policy, in which the North East has a special place, have once again brought the North East back on the map of India's development.



Some initiatives for economic development



Allocation of ₹4800 crore for 2022-23 to 2025-26

In the first phase, there are 455 villages of 11 districts of Arunachal Pradesh in Northeast India.

The North Eastern Council, chaired by the Home Minister, has made a historic decision to spend 30% of the budget to equal development in the North East's impoverished regions.

110% increase in the budget: Total earmarked fund under 10% gross budgetary support from 54 central ministries increased by 110% from ₹36,108 crore in 2014-15 to ₹76,040 crore in 2022-23

PM-DevINE Scheme: A new scheme for the Northeast with an initial allocation of ₹1,500 crore in the Union Budget 2022-23.

The Union Cabinet approved the PM-DevINE Scheme on 12.10.2022 with a total expenditure of ₹6,600 crore for the remaining 15th Finance Commission period from 2022-23 to 2025-26.

Inter-Ministerial Task Force for Agriculture: The agriculture sector is the primary employer in the North Eastern Region, hence priority is being given for its planned development.

National Ropeway Development Programme:

"Parwatmala" in PPP mode: 8 ropeway projects (60 km) will be tendered in 2022-23, North-East along with other hill states will benefit from this scheme.

Various infrastructure projects: A total amount of ₹2,65,513 crore was spent from 2014 to March 2021 for the development of the North East.

Focused missions like National Edible Oil Mission: Palm Oil (NMEO-OP), National Bamboo Mission, Organic Farming in North-Eastern India, ₹925 crore Majuli Project benefitting the North East.

14th Finance Commission hikes North East Council budget by one-and-a-half times

The Doner ministry's budget also increased by 65% in 2019-20 as compared to 2014-15.



Achievements of North East Special Infrastructure Development Scheme (NESIDS) and Special Development Package (SDP):



A total of 54 projects costing ₹952.94 crore were approved under NESIDS during January to November 2022,

These include 11 projects worth ₹89.93 crore in the education sector

20 projects in health costing ₹221.27 crore

2 projects costing ₹41.03 crore in power

16 projects for roads and bridges costing ₹508.44 crore

5 projects costing ₹92.28 crore included in drinking water supply areas

Out of these, 3 projects costing ₹85.36 crore have been completed

In addition, 3 projects worth ₹250 crore were sanctioned during January to November 2022 under Bodo Territorial Council (BTC) SDP.

- Achievements of North Eastern Development Finance Corporation Limited (NEDFI): NEDFI Corporation from January 1, 2022 to December 21, 2022, a total of 2917 Projects in various sectors such as education and training, food processing, handlooms and handicrafts, health care, hotels and tourism, microfinance etc. were assisted with total sanctions and disbursements of ₹1023.38 crore and ₹682.82 crore respectively.
- 40 backward blocks in 20 districts of 8 North Eastern States have been identified for launching a special time bound programme for focused development.

Transportation became easier; Distance lessened



Speed of Railways enhanced

During 2014-15 to 2020-21, the total investment by the railways in the North-Eastern region was ₹39,000 crore. Jiribam-Imphal New Line Project, Agartala-Akhaura Rail Link Project to ensure rail connectivity with Bangladesh is in progress.



Road connectivity Boosted

An investment of about ₹48,575 crore since 2014-15. Atotal of 5,695 km of roads were constructed in the last 7 years.



Bharatmala Project

Total 5,196 km of road planned to be constructed out of which 514 km completed



The Soaring of Progress

Total airport and 34 routes operational under UDAN scheme

Space Technology in the Northeast



Former Prime Minister Shri Atal Bihari Vajpayee established NESAC in Shillong in the year 2000 along with the Department of Space and now the work of giving a new direction to NESAC under the guidance of Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi is being done.

As per the directions of NESAC President Hon'ble Home Minister Shri Amit Shah, NESAC has prepared a developmental Plan of Action (PoA) for proper use of space technology for all North Eastern States in which 110 projects costing a total of ₹61 crores have been included in 12 different sectors.

It is planned to revive 292 wetlands in the area under NESAC.

The organization is doing important work for flood planning and early warning in Assam.

Single Window Disaster Management System: NESAC has provided the facility of North Eastern Regional Node for Disaster Risk Reduction (NERDRR) with a single window disaster information system in respect of all disasters.

Soil resource mapping has been prepared and construction of a dashboard system is in progress.

The election e-atlas developed by NESAC was successfully used during the Lok Sabha elections 2019 in the states of Manipur, Tripura, Sikkim, Nagaland and Meghalaya and also in the 2022 Manipur Assembly and 2023 Tripura Assembly elections.

UAV (Un-Manned Aerial Vehicle) in NESAC: UAVs are used in times of disaster for continuous monitoring.

NESAC has installed more than 50 automated weather stations and 10 lighting detectors in remote

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areas of the NE region.

Today, the Prime Minister has united the Northeast with railways, air routes, and development, truly integrating this region with the rest of the country. As a result, the entire Northeast now feels like an integral part of India.

- Shri Amit Shah (Hon'ble Home Minister)



Decisive Battle with left extremism

Rise of peace, stability and development



Problem

Left Wing Extremists have a long history of subverting democracy through violence. Not only did they stall development in the affected areas, but 16,652 security personnel and civilians lost their lives due to their violence in the last four decades.

Strategy

With the message that there is no place for Violence and Unrest in a self-reliant new India, the Ministry of Home Affairs formulated a three-pronged strategy to deal with Left Wing Extremism.

Control extremists
with a better
strategy

Strategy

Public Contribution to development

Better centerstate coordination

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Every form of Naxalism, be it through gun or pen, will have to be uprooted.

- Shri Narendra Modi (Hon'ble Prime Minister)



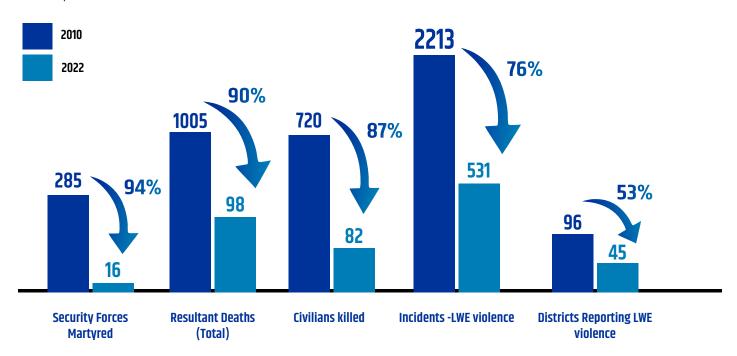
EFFECT



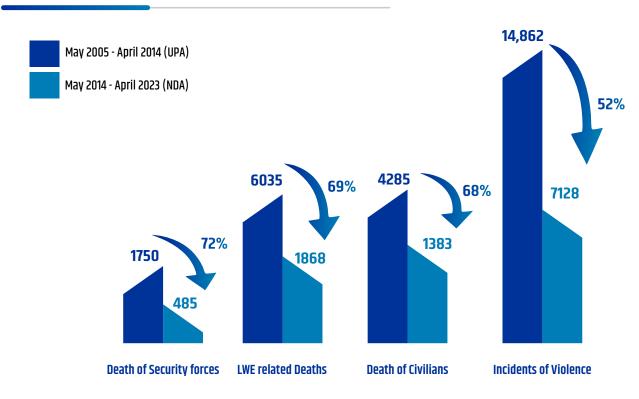
The complete liberation of Budha Pahar, located in the borders of Jharkhand and Chhattisgarh, which has been a stronghold of Naxalites for 32 years, is a huge success in the direction of "Naxalfree India".

Great Downfall in Violent acts and area Limit of Left Militants in India

In the last 8 years, Three-Dimensional strategy of Home Ministry has achieved historic success in controlling left extremism. This success can be understood by these data.



Extraordinary reduction in Acts in last 9 years



09 Years Comparison May-2014 to April-2023 Vs May 2005 to April-2014

Strategy to Control Extremists





Reducing security vacuum and core area

195 new camp Established in the affected states since 2019

Continuous change in camps location

10 New joint task force (JTF) Camps open

CRPF Battalions redeployment and their 6 battalion taken out from other states to redeploy in core areas of left wing extremism.

Positive results are being seen from this strategy.



Offensive strategy

Security forces shunned defensive strategy of the past and adopted offensive strategy.

Security forces have entangled naxals with innovative methods.

Under this strategy, very successful Joint operation of 13 days launched in February 2022 from the newly established usecurity camps in Lohdarga, Iharkhand.



Financial choking

For financial choking, seizure of properties by states: 21 crore, ED: 10.64 crore and NIA: 37 crores.





Investigation by NIA



Separate vertical Established in NIA for investigation of cases pertaining to left wing extremism and 61 cases entrusted to them.



Special Task Force

With the help of Special Forces and with sharing of their specialized knowledge and skills sharing, special operation teams formed in Central and State forces.



Latest Technology Of Use

Various technics and forensic institutions utilized for analysis of location, phone, mobile, scientific Call Logs and Social Media.



Air support

Helicopter deployed in LWE areas for operational support medical evacuation

14 pilots and 3 engineers posted in the last one year in MHA Air wing. Special funds made available to CRPF early construction of major Night landing helipads.





Since assuming the Prime Minister's office, Modi Ji has successfully implemented a comprehensive development strategy in regions impacted by Left Wing Extremism (LWE) and implemented a strong policy to combat extremism. Consequently, left-wing extremism is now on the brink of extinction.

- **Shri Amit Shah** (Hon'ble Home Minister)

BETTER CENTER-STATE COORDINATION



Insurgency historically flourished in areas where poverty had taken root. The groups influenced by the left thought had sowed the seeds of extremism here by using the dissatisfaction of the poverty-stricken people as manure and water. Due to the local support of these groups, the security agencies had to face many problems in carrying out their work. But after 2014 the position changed. Modi government's poor welfare schemes spread in these areas also and people felt that the government is in their interest and not extremists. The Ministry of Home Affairs ensured people's participation in the efforts of security agencies by giving additional thrust to the schemes for the welfare of the poor and the development of militancy-affected areas.



Government of India has made available funds for capacity building of states under various schemes such as Security Related Expenditure (SRE) Scheme , Special Infrastructure Scheme (SIS).



₹1285 crore released to Left Wing Extremism affected states in last 4 vears under SRE scheme



Funds released under SRE increased approximately 124% during the last 9 years.



₹73 crore made available for camp infrastructure and ₹12.06 crore for upgradation of six hospitals during the last 04 years under Assistance to Central Agencies for LWE Management Scheme (ACALWEMS).



Under the Special Infrastructure Scheme (SIS), projects worth Rs 371 crore to strengthen Special Forces (SF) and Special Intelligence Branches (SIB) of the states for LWE operations and 250 Fortified Police stations worth Rs 620 crore in Left Wing Extremism affected areas. Stations have been approved. This scheme has been extended till 2025-26, 54 additional fortified police stations, projects worth ₹ 235 crore to strengthen SIB/SF and work worth ₹ 363 crore for district police have been approved.





PUBLIC PARTICIPATION IN DEVELOPMENT



Insurgency has historically flourished in areas where poverty has taken root. The groups influenced by the left thought had sowed the seeds of extremism here by using the dissatisfaction of the poverty-stricken people as manure water. Due to the local support of these groups, the security agencies had to face many problems in carrying out their work. But after 2014 the position changed. Modi government's poor welfare schemes spread in these areas also and people felt that the government is in their interest and not extremists. The Ministry of Home Affairs ensured people's participation in the efforts of security agencies by giving additional thrust to the schemes for the welfare of the poor and the development of militancy-affected areas.

Gaining Public Trust Through Access To Development



In the last 08 years, 9356 km of roads have been constructed at a cost of ₹10718 crores under two specific schemes for LWE affected areas.

Department of Posts opened 4903 new post offices with banking services in last 08 years for post office in every 03 km in 90 LWE affected districts.





1258 new bank branches and 1348 ATMs have been set up in 30 most affected districts since April-2015

To enhance communication facilities, 2343 mobile towers have been installed in the first phase at a cost of ₹4080 crore and 2542 mobile towers are being installed with an expenditure of ₹2210 crore in the second phase.





245 Eklavya Model Residential Schools (EMRS) have been approved, of which 121 are functional in LWE affected tribal areas.

Kaushal Vikas Yojana was extended in 2016 to 47 left wing extremism affected districts. 47 Industrial Training Institutes (ITIs) and 68 Skill Development Centers (SDCs) were sanctioned with a cost of ₹495 crore, of which 43 ITIs and 38 SDCs are functional.





Civic Action Program (CAP) implemented in the LWE affected areas with an aim to project the human face of the security forces and win over the local populace.

Deployed Central Armed Paramilitary Forces have carried out activities such as health camps, drinking water, solar light, medicine delivery, skills development, agriculture tools, seeds for local population with a cost of ₹140 crore since May 2014.





Under the Tribal Youth Exchange Program, 22,000 youths have been taken on tour to large and developed areas of the country with an expenditure of 26.5 crores till date. Its objective is to make these youths aware of technological/industrial advancement so that they can be freed from the influence of left wing extremism.



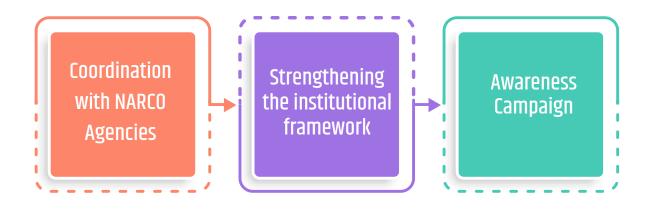
- Under the guidance of Prime Minister Narendra Modi, the Ministry of Home Affairs has adopted a Zero Tolerance Policy against Narcotics.
- The Modi government has laid constant emphasis on inter-departmental coordination under the 'Whole of Government Approach',
 especially towards the fight against narcotics.
- The Modi Government's multidimensional efforts led to increase of more-than 160% in the seizure of Narcotics and 199% more cases have been registered against those involved in its business by NCB.

Challenge

The increase in drug abuse is a matter of concern for the entire country. Addiction to drugs makes the youth an unproductive burden on society, the earnings from its business strengthen problems like terrorism. The Modi government believes that the problem of drugs is also a big challenge to national security, which can be tackled only with the coordination of all.

Strategy

In the 75th year of Independence, Hon'ble Home Minister, Shri Amit Shah ji has taken resolve that Hon'ble Prime Minister, Shri Narendra Modi's call for 'Drug-Free India' must be made a firm determination in this Amrit kaal period. The Ministry of Home Affairs formulated a "three-point strategy" adopting a "zero-tolerance" policy against drugs.



Strengthening the Institutional Framework

Because of Hon'ble Shri Narendra Modi's emphasis on strengthening the system and ensuring it's accountability, continuous efforts have been made by the Ministry of Home Affairs to strengthen institutional restructuring and legal provisions for NARCO control as well.



NCORD

In the year 2019, the four (04) tier NCORD mechanism was strengthened for better cohesion and synergy between the Central and State drug law enforcement agencies. The Apex level NCORD Committee headed by the Union Home Secretary, Executive Level-headed by the Special Secretary (IS), MHA and State Level NCORD Committee State level-headed by the Chief Secretary of the particular State and District level NCORD Committee headed by the District Magistrate were formed respectively. MHA vide Office Memorandum dated March 25, 2022 further strengthened the NCORD mechanism by including additional participants in the Committee at various levels.

Constitution of Joint Coordination Committee (JCC)

Constitution of Joint Coordination Committee (JCC) in 2019 to trace the various layers involved in drug trafficking and for detailed investigation of cases of major drug seizures. Till 2022, 07 State Level and 07 Central JCC meetings were held.

Restructuring of NCB cadre

Cadre restructuring of Narcotics Control Bureau was proposed, in the first phase it was proposed to create 682 posts, out of which approval has been given for the creation of 425 posts. Along with this, creation of 05 New Zonal Offices, creation of 04 Regional Offices, up-gradation in 12 sub-zones and Drug Intelligence Wing, Prosecution Wing, Cyber Wing and IT Wing etc. have also been approved.

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The Indian government, under Modi's leadership, has taken a strong stance against drug production within the country, as well as the importation and exportation of illegal substances. Such activities are strictly prohibited and enforced to ensure the safety and well-being of the nation's citizens.

- Shri Amit Shah (Hon'ble Home Minister)

SIMS e-portal

SIMS (Seizure Information Management System) e-portal has been developed for trend analysis and database management of Drug Trafficking. SIMS portal is also hosted on cloud server of NIC.

Disposal Of Seized Drugs

Disposal Of Seized Drugs campaign is being run from June 1, 2022. On the occasion of 75th anniversary of independence, a target was set to destroy 75 thousand kg of drugs in 75 days. The target was achieved much earlier. So far, 10,17,523 kg of seized drugs has been disposed of during this special destruction drive, which is worth ₹11,961 crores. Out of this, NCB alone has disposed of 1,53,819 KG of seized narcotics, which is worth ₹3,756 crores.

Misuse of Prescription for Double use

An IMC on dual use prescription drugs and precursor chemicals was set up and they have given their detailed recommendations to curtail the diversion of prescription drugs and precursor chemicals from legal to illicit channel. The recommendations of IMC in their final report has been circulated to all stakeholders on March 16, 2023 for compliance.

National Database related to NARCO

Hon'ble Home Minister had instructed NCB to prepare a detailed national database related to Narcotics, NARCO-funding, NARCO-terror cases, analysis of drug trafficking trends and criminals.



Special operation to prevent smuggling by sea route

About 60-70% of Narcotics drugs are smuggled into India mainly through the sea route, a high-level dedicated task force has been created in the National Security Council Secretariat to analyze drug smuggling through sea routes. Representative from Ministry of Port Shipping & Waterways, Indian Navy, Indian Coast Guard, Central Board of Indirect Taxes & Customs, Coastal Police, Port Trust of Coastal States, and State Maritime Board and Port Authorities have been made member of NCORD mechanism at different level.

100% scanning of suspected containers are being done. Inter-ministerial committee has been constituted to study the Best Practices evolved by the other countries on the issue of trans-national drug trafficking through Maritime route.

The Ministry of Shipping was asked to take necessary steps while directing the management of container scanners and

Financial investigation

related equipment.

All financial documents are analyzed individually and in appropriate cases financial investigations are conducted and assets created out of drug money are seized. Hawala transactions are also worked out to trace money laundering channels linked to drug trafficking. Relevant information is also shared with FIU-IND, ED and other intelligence agencies for their analysis. Till June 2023, NCB conducted financial investigation in 23 such cases in which property worth ₹74,75,00,531 was frozen.

Coordination with international institutions

Coordination with international agencies: Proper coordination was made with international agencies like Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA), Australian Federal Police (AFP), National Crime Agency (NCA), Royal Canadian Mountain Police (RCMP) etc., which is helping a lot in controlling the international drug mafia. Apart from this, Bilateral Agreements / MoUs have also been signed with 44 countries on the issue of drugs.



NARCO – Canine Pool

Canine Pool The establishment of the Phase-I of National Narcotics K9 (Nar-K9) Pool is almost complete in 10 locations of NCB (Delhi, Chandigarh, Jammu, zq, Kolkata, Mumbai, Chennai, Imphal, Guwahati and Bangalore).

To make the Nar-K9 pool more effective, and to enable it to meet the requirements of other agencies with respect to Narcotics Detecting K9s, proposals for further strengthening of the Nar-K9 Pool are being assessed.

These proposals include, sharing of infrastructure of existing DBTS (Dog Breeding and Training School) of CAPFs, developing Nar-K9 pool through PPP (Public Private Partnership) model, setting up of own DBTS by NCB and Consolidation of existing K9 resources under a single authority in Ministry of Home Affairs etc.

Drug Network Chart and Mapping

The complete drug network chart is prepared and mapping is also done to work out the source and destination of the



Coordination with NARCO Agencies









The lack of coordination between various institutions, coordination and accountability between the Center and the states, weakened the system. In order to make the government's performance effective, the Modi government has constantly emphasized on inter-departmental coordination under the 'Whole of Government Approach'. Following this strategy of Modi ji, and the Ministry of Home Affairs has taken many effective steps in this direction too.

Coordination through a four-tier structure of N-Cord:

- Efforts are being made to effectively coordinate the work of all central, state drug law enforcement agencies and address policy and operational issues related to enforcement of drug laws.
- NCORD Portal: This portal provides for quick access to information such as integrated drug data, information management, government orders, related laws, mapping, rules, best practices, standard operating process, court orders and reporting mechanism etc.
- Meeting: The APEX Committee of NCORD met five times on November 19, 2019, October 21, 2020, December 27, 2021 and May 05, 2022 and December 01, 2022.
 - Number of State/UT NCORD Meetings: 127
 - Number of District NCORD Meetings: 2193
- **Formation of Dedicated Anti-Narcotics Task Force (ANTF):** As per the instructions of the Hon'ble Union Home Minister, dedicated Anti-Narcotics Task Force (ANTF) units have been formed in all States and Union Territories.
- **Curbing drugs and dark-net:** The use of Dark-net and Crypto-currency in illegal drugs trade is increasing. In the last 03 years (2020 2022), NCB investigated 59 such cases. To control this, the need for an information system was emphasized and instructions were given to develop it as SUBMAC. Although the MAC portal is for issues related to counterterrorism, but inputs of dark-net, crypto-currencies are being shared on the MAC Subgroup in drug cases. The 5th meeting of the sub-group was held on February 20, 2023.
- **Coordination among Central level stakeholders:** As per the directions of the Hon'ble Union Home Minister and in view of the importance of coordination in the field of drug law enforcement, the following Central Ministries/Departments have been included as Members in the Central/State level NCORD Committees -

A Central level: Ministry of Chemical and Fertilizers, Department of Pharmaceuticals, Ministry of Port, Shipping and Waterways, NCRB, National Investigation Agency(NIA), Indian Coast Guard, DRI, National Maritime Security Coordinator (NMSC), Enforcement Directorate (ED) and National Technical Research Organization (NTRO).

At State Level: Department of Education, Department of Posts, representative of Intelligence Bureau (IB) and representative of Enforcement Directorate (ED) in State level NCORD Committee and representative of MHA / Intelligence Bureau (IB) at District level NCORD Committee.

Narcotics Control Bureau (NCB): Centralized web-based portal developed:

In February, 2023, the Cabinet Committee on Security (CCS) has approved revised proposed out lay of ₹411.59 Crore for improvement of the infrastructural facility of NCB



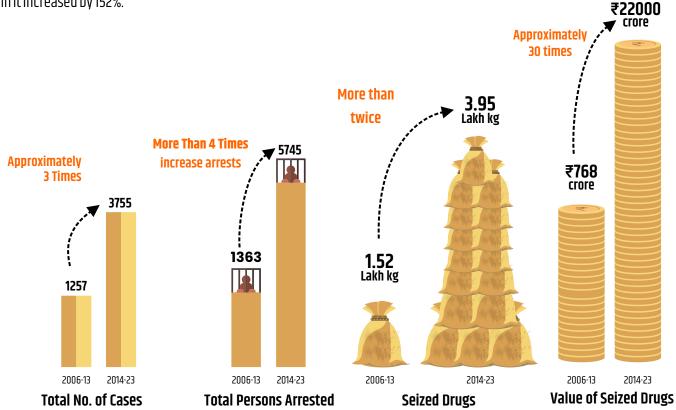
- Primary and expenditure approval of ₹ 703.75 crore was given by the Ministry of Home Affairs for the
 projects of Bengaluru, Indore, Bhubaneswar, Guwahati, Delhi and Amritsar zonal units, out of which the
 construction work of office buildings of Indore and Bhubaneswar zonal units has been completed.
 Construction work is in progress in Guwahati, Amritsar and Delhi zonal units.
- From May 31, 2019, to December 31, 2022, a total of 2 lakh 38 thousand kilograms of Narcotics and psychotropic substances were seized, the highest in just 3 years during 2019 to 2022
- Illegal cannabis cultivation and illegal opium cultivation destroyed from May 31, 2019, to December 31, 2022: 26,344 acres of illegal cannabis cultivation and 13,580 acres of illegal opium cultivation destroyed from May 31, 2019 to December 31, 2022
- **'Drug-free India' pledge campaign:** Online e-pledge launched by NCB against drugs has received huge public support. Along with India's anti-drug campaign, NCB is working to take online e-pledge to the masses with the help of other central and state agencies, universities, social media of the country and so far about 30 lakh citizens have acted against drugs. Oath has also been taken.
 - In order to explore and establish the possibility of cooperation in matters related to drugs, digital and allied forensics, a Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) was signed between NCB and NFSU (National Forensic Science University) which will benefit all concerned agencies.
- **Prevention of cultivation of illegal drugs:** Illegal cultivation of Poppy and Cannabis in remote hilly areas is a major concern for all Drug Law Enforcement Agencies (DLEAs).
 - The Ministry of Home Affairs has constituted a study group to analyse the use of drones in mapping and destruction of illicit crops under cultivation in remote areas.
 - Suggestions on alternative livelihood arrangements for farmers engaged in cultivation of illegal Narcotics crops have been issued to all the affected states.

NCB is also sharing satellite imagery with affected states for identification and destruction of illegal cultivation.

Changes were seen in the Results



The result of the multipronged efforts of the Modi government at the Center is that after 2014, the quantity of narcotics seized by NCB till 2023 (June) increased by almost 100% and the cases registered against those dealing in it increased by 152%.



Mass Awareness Campaign

Narcotics Call Centre: NCB is making efforts for expeditiously setting up a Narcotics Helpline viz. 'MANAS' through Digital Corporation of India. Recently the progress of this work was reviewed by the Home Secretary of India and several guidelines were issued. It is hoped that soon the MANAS helpline will be made operational for use by the public.

Awareness:

NCB, through its field units, has been organizing year-wise anti-drug awareness programs all over India at places which are vulnerable from the point of view of drug abuse.

NCB is also running campaigns on social media mainly to make the general public, especially the youth aware about the ill effects of drug abuse.

In the recent past, NCB has organised awareness campaigns on a large scale through various awareness programs like marathon, cycla-thon, rally etc. Recently NCB has requested the Ministry of Education, educational departments and institutions and other agencies to focus efforts on awareness campaign against drugs through primary and middle school.

Narcotics Training Module: In order to ensure uniformity in training courses on drug law enforcement in the country, a core module and 05 training modules developed by NCB, in coordination with DoR, MoSJ&E, NACIN, BPR&D and CAPT, for officers of various ranks of Central/State law enforcement, were circulated to all Central/State Law Enforcement Agencies, NACIN and BPR&D for conducting training by including the same in the training programs of their respective training institutes. After review of these modules by NCB, NACIN and CAPT in February 2023, some suggestions have been sent by NCB to BPR&D to further update these training modules.



Launch of Nash Mukt Bharat Abhiyan (NMBA) in 372 most vulnerable districts, under which mass community outreach is being created through more than 8000 youth volunteers. So far, more than 3.12 crore youth and 2.06 crore women have been reached.

340 Integrated Rehabilitation Centres (IRCA) are supported by the government. The Government has also provided assistance to special de-addiction centres for women and children.

48 Community Based Peer Interventions (CPLI) are supported by the Central Government.

71 Outreach and Drop-In centres (ODIC) supported by the government.

The Government also supports setting up of 46 Addiction Treatment Facilities (ATFs) in some Government hospitals, which is being implemented through AIIMS, New Delhi.

A toll-free helpline for de-addiction, 14446, is being maintained by the Government to provide first aid and immediate assistance to the persons receiving assistance.

The Government through its autonomous body National Institute of Social Defence (NISD) and other partner agencies such as State Council of Educational Research and Training (SCERT) and Kendriya Vidyalaya Sangathan provides regular awareness generation and sensitization sessions to all stakeholders including students, teachers, parents.

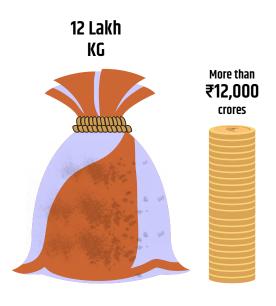
NCB has launched awareness campaigns through audio video messages of eminent personalities from the field of politics, bureaucracy, sports, film, music etc. and also through telecom service providers, FM radio, television channels etc.

Social media is being effectively used to spread the campaign's message online through Facebook, Twitter and Instagram.

The short awareness film about drug use has been made in 9 languages and released on social media and has also been circulated to states to make people aware about the dangers of drug abuse.

Quantity/value of narcotics destroyed across the country

Drug disposalJune, 2022 to January, 2023





Amendment in NIA Act, August 2, 2019

Inclusion of new offenses under the jurisdiction of NIA

Additional inland jurisdiction to NIA

Amendment in UAPA Act, August 14, 2019

DG(NIA) has the right to confiscate property acquired/related to terrorism.

Right to declare person as terrorist





Today, it is necessary for all those who uphold humanity to unite and support our armed forces. This is the only way to effectively confront and counter-terrorism.

- **Shri Narendra Modi** (Hon'ble Prime Minister)

Integrated Action Plan to Combat Radicalization



Coordination of antiradicalisation/de-radicalisation efforts by the Ministry of Home Affairs

Various Ministries will prepare their strategy

Establish an institutional mechanism to monitor implementation

Integrated Action Plan to Control the Financing of Terrorism

25 Points Integrated
Action Plan

Jihadi terrorism, north east rebellion, left wing extremism, Kashmir insurgency, FICN, narcotics financing, non-profit organization and hawala, pro-Khalistan extremism, radical financing and Illegal arms smuggling

Revamping MAC (Multi Agency Centre) Working : Multi Agency Centre (Functions, Powers and Duties) Order, 2022

MAC expanded to cover multiple challenges such as cyber security, narco-terrorism, gun running, organized criminal networks and emerging radicalization hot spots

Establishing and implementing the 'National Memory Bank (NMB)' effectively

Creation of a central database based on information



There was widespread discontentment that earlier governments were not doing enough to combat terrorism.

However, Prime Minister Modi has instilled confidence in the public that there is now a strong leader who is capable of taking effective action.

- Shri Amit Shah (Hon'ble Home Minister)

Other improvements



Amendment to the Special
Protection Group (SPG) Act,
1988: To make the SPG Act
more effective to ensure the
overall security of the
Hon'ble Prime Minister

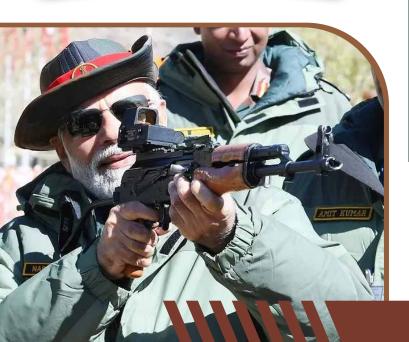
Amendment to the Arms Act, 1959: To prevent the illegal trafficking and use of arms

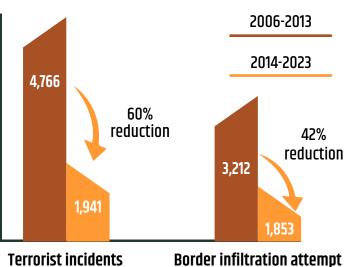
Arms and ammunition manufacturing sector opened for private sector

Declaration of Sikhs for Justice as an unlawful association extension in the Charter
of the Bureau of Police
Research and
Development

IMPACT

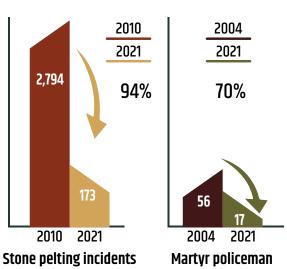
No major terrorist attack in Indian cities (hinterland) since 2014







Strong India: significant reduction in terrorism



So far 54 persons have been declared terrorists under the new amendment

**

Reduction in shelf life of terrorists: Now the shelf life of terrorist, which was around 2 years in 2017-18, has now reduced to only a few days

:::

Limited ability of terrorists to carry out incidents: Used to be successful in carrying out multiple incidents, now terrorist's capability has been limited to 1-2 incidents

::!

Ban on glorification of terrorists



RC

Terrorism is a scourge on any community, and there is no greater infringement on human rights than acts of terrorism.

- Shri Amit Shah (Hon'ble Home Minister)



Inter-state relationships got better with the policy of solution through dialogue

Challenge

The Inter-State Council was unable to discharge its responsibilities effectively, mainly due to political reasons, due to which important issues of development, peace and security of the country remained pending for decades due to the tussle between the states.

Strategy

In line with Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi's mantra of "Dialogue to Solution", the Ministry of Home Affairs has not only directly reached out to the states in the last nine years but also brought the States together at various forums of the Councilto arrive at a consensus on complex issues. The manifold increase in the meetings of the Inter-State Council and Zonal Councils in the last nine years as compared to the previous governments reflects the continuous dialogue. Under the guidance of Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi, the Council is constantly striving to achieve its four objectives.

Centre-State cordial relations

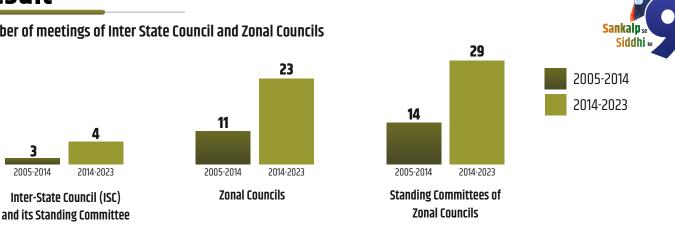
Consensual resolution of inter-state disputes and issues

Encourage regional cooperation among states

To provide a platform for discussion on issues of common national importance between the Centre and all states in the country

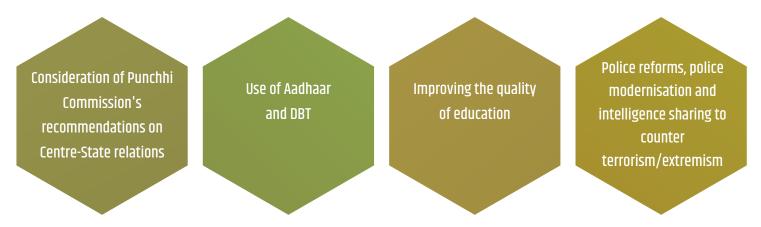
Result

Number of meetings of Inter State Council and Zonal Councils

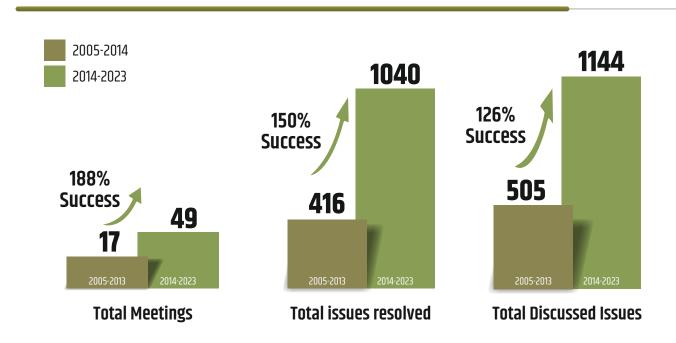


Continuity of meetings and steps towards solution

The 11th meeting of the Inter-State Council, chaired by the Hon'ble Prime Minister, was held in New Delhi in July 2016, after a gap of 10 years, with four major agendas:

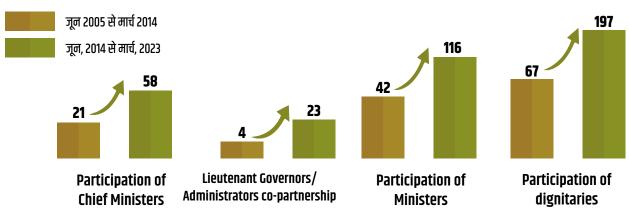


Since 2014, there has been an increase in the number of meetings of zonal councils and their standing committees and the issues raised therein and their resolution:



Participation of dignitaries in the meetings of the Regional Councils





Achievements: Solutions Could be Seen

Home Minister's encouragement of open-minded dialogue in these meetings has led to a spurt in resolving the outstanding issues at these forums.

Banks/banks within 5 km of villages Banking services by IPPB branches: In the meeting of the Western Zonal Council held in Goa in August 2019, the Hon'ble Home Minister directed that within 5 km of each village, brick-and-mortar branches of banks and India Post Payments Bank (IPPBs) should be established. Its implementation was reviewed in the meetings of all zonal councils. As a result, the Department of Financial Services directed banks to open bank branches within 5 km of villages with a population of more than 3,000. For the remaining villages, the postal department has received 5,746 new post offices. P.P.B. Financial approval has been received for creation of 13,283 required posts for opening of touch points. Thus, banking facility will be made available by brick-and-mortar branches within 5 km of all the 5.53 lakh inhabited villages mapped on the database.

Demand to reduce the Rice to Rice Outturn Ratio (OTR): As per the decision taken in the Central Zonal Council, the demand of the State Governments to reduce the Outturn Ratio (OTR) of paddy to rice is being re-studied by the Department of Food and Public Distribution with the participation of the concerned States.

Cash deposit facility through CSCs: In the meeting of the Western Zonal Council held in Goa in August 2019, it was decided that the Common Service Centres (CSCs) should be facilitated to deposit funds by the beneficiaries at the earliest by carrying out necessary works through the National Payments Corporation of India. Thereafter, the facility of cash deposit has been made available in CSC centers.

Resolution of issues relating to storage of foodgrains:

Storage profit/benefit for FCI stocks and stocks of State Government agencies. The issue relating to different criteria for loss was being raised by the States. In the Raipur meeting of January 2020, the Hon'ble Home Minister gave instructions to remove such discrepancies in the determination of norms and the concern of the States was addressed by issuing revised norms by the Department of Food and Public Distribution in October 2021.

Permission to lay part of 132 KV intra-state (Chandankiyari Govindpur) transmission line in West Bengal: In the Eastern Zonal Council meeting held in Bhubaneswar in February 2020 under the chairmanship of The Home Minister, the proposal of Jharkhand was agreed to by the West Bengal Government.

Royalty on processed coal: The issue related to payment of royalty on coal indicated in Section 9 of the Mines and Minerals Act was raised in the Eastern Zonal Council meeting held in Bhubaneswar in February 2020. Ma. On the instructions of the Home Minister, the issue was examined by the Ministry of Coal and it was decided that royalty is payable on run-of-mine coal and not on processed coal. Accordingly, the relevant rules were amended.

comprehensive Silt Management Policy: The issue of comprehensive silt management policy was raised by the Government of Bihar in the 11th meeting of the Inter-State Council held on July 16, 2016. The issue was discussed in various meetings of the Eastern Zonal Council and it was decided to formulate a comprehensive silt management policy at the earliest. In a meeting held in December 2022 in Kolkata, the Ministry of Jal Shakti informed that the National Framework for Sediment Management has been approved by the Central Government. The framework is available on the Ministry's website.

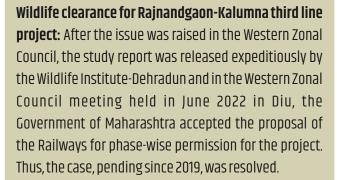


Mayurakshi Dam case: In the Eastern Zonal Council meeting held in Kolkata in December 2022, the Governments of Bihar and Jharkhand agreed in principle for joint operation of Mayurakshi and Tenughat dams. It was also agreed to form a committee to resolve other issues.

Determination of pension liability between Bihar and Jharkhand: In the meeting of the Eastern Zonal Council held in Kolkata in December 2022, after discussions, the Governments of Bihar and Jharkhand agreed that the State-wise liabilities which will be determined by the CAG after verification of pension related data by the CAG will be acceptable to both the States.

Forest and wildlife clearance for conversion of track on Akola-Khandwa section from medium gauge to broad gauge: In a meeting of the Western Zonal Council held in Diu in June 2022, the Railways agreed to the suggestion of the Government of Maharashtra for realignment of the track and the State Government assured to expedite all permissions. As a result, the pending cases were settled since 2016.

UIDAI database for verification of marine fishermen:The possibility of forgery was eliminated by using PVC Aadhaar card containing QR code to verify the antecedents of marine fishermen.





The transfer policy of railway land for Chennai Metro-Rail project, sponsored by the Government of Tamil Nadu, was discussed at the meeting of the Southern Zonal Council held in Tirupati in November 2021 and it was found that the charges being levied by the Ministry of Railways are very high. Thereafter, as per the directions of the Hon'ble Home Minister, the Land Policy of Railways for Metro projects was reviewed. Ministry of Railways has liberalized the policy and reduced the fee for metro crossings by issuing revised guidelines vide Master Circular dated October 4, 2022.

Preparing local contingency plan for comprehensive rescue operations at sea: During the meeting of the National Maritime Search and Rescue Board in 2016, it was decided that each coastal state and union territory would prepare a local contingency plan for large-scale rescue operations (MRO). The coastal states/UTs are divided into various zonal councils. Discussions were held with the UTs and now the Local Contingency Plan has been prepared by the States and the issue has been positively addressed.



Hajipur-Sagauli New Line Project: In the meeting of Eastern Zonal Council held in Bhubaneswar in February 2020, the issue of land acquisition by Railways was raised which was pending since 2016. Ma. As per the instructions of the Home Minister, the process of land acquisition has been completed in three districts namely Vaishali, Muzaffarpur and West Champaran and for the remaining 200 acres of land, the Government of Bihar assured in a meeting held in Kolkata in December, 2022 that this land will also be made available to the Railways soon.

Speedy transfer of land for implementation of central projects: The issue of 27 acres of defence land in Medinipur (West Bengal) for construction of a road-over-bridge in the Setubharatam project was pending for several years. Ma In a meeting held in Bhuhaneswar.

over-bridge in the Setubharatam project was pending for several years. Ma. In a meeting held in Bhubaneswar in February 2020 under the chairmanship of the Home Minister, the matter was resolved with the cooperation of the Ministry of Defence.

Speedy and equitable disposal of POCSO cases:

Investigation and expeditious disposal of POCSO related cases is being continuously monitored in each Zonal Council. There has been an increase in the setting up of FTSC/ePOCSO courts to ensure time-bound investigation and judicial adjudication of such cases. These courts directed the states to work closely with the Chief Justices of the High Courts for speedy trial.

Screening of antibiotic residues in aquaculture shrimp exports: In 2016, several shrimp consignments exported to the EU and Japan were rejected due to the presence of antibiotic residues. Following the decision on this issue in the Tirupati meeting of the Southern Zonal Council in November 2021 under the chairmanship of Hon'ble Home Minister, task forces were constituted in the respective southern coastal states to address the problem.

Resolution of bottlenecks in the exchange mechanism raised by Tamil Nadu in the context of development of renewable energy: The issue was discussed in detail by the concerned agencies of the Government of India after detailed discussions at the meeting of the Southern Zonal Council held at Tirupati in November 2021. The Tolerance Band Width was increased and the problem was resolved through the DSM (Deviation Settlement Mechanism) Regulation issued by the Central Electricity Regulatory Commission (CERC) in the year 2022.











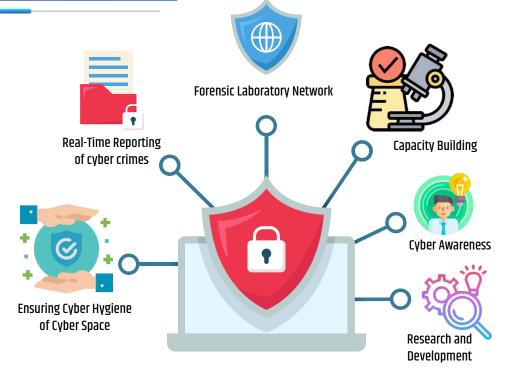


Government Strict on Cybercrime

Curbing cyber-crime with real-time reporting, use of high-end technology and creating awareness.

Ensure cyber hygiene of cyberspace

In order to ensure the safe use of digital systems and to deal with cybercrime, the Ministry of Home Affairs under the leadership of Hon'ble Home Minister Shri Amit Shah ji has taken several significant steps.





In order to combat cybercrime, the use of drones in weapons, and drug trafficking, we must consistently develop new technologies. Crime has become a global issue, and it's imperative that we stay ahead of it by being proactive.

- Shri Narendra Modi (Hon'ble Prime Minister)

SNAPSHOT



Various initiatives of the Ministry of Home Affairs have now begun to yield results under the capable leadership of Honorable Home Minister Shri Amit Shah, examples of which are as follows



More than 27 lakh cyber crime complaints have been registered on the Cyber Crime Portal so far, on this basis more than 52 thousand FIRs have been registered; in addition to that more than 13.8 crore hits registered on this portal since its launch in Jan 2020.



99.9% of police stations (16,597) are registering 100% FIRs directly on CCTNS. The CCTNS National Database so far contains 28.98 crore police records.



On CCTNS, more than 12.82 crore service requests have been received from citizens, out of which 12.35 crore requests have been disposed of by the state police.



On NAFIS (Finger-Print System) 1,05,80,266 records are being integrated.



In view of the cyber financial fraud, on the helpline number '1930', over 250 banks and financial intermediaries are onboarded and resulting to the recovery of over ₹235 crore embezzled by cybercriminals from over 1.33 lakh peopleso far.



Analytical report on Modus Operandi of top 50 cyber-attacks has been prepared.



Through National Cyber Forensic Laboratory (Investigation), more than 7,950 forensic services have been provided to the States so far.



Training on Cyber Crime awareness, investigation, forensics, etc. provided to 40 thousand police personnel, judicial officers, and prosecutors.



Massive Open Online Course (MOOC) platform 'CyTrain' : More than 44,173 police officers have been registered and more than 19,800 certificates have been issued.



More than 592 apps have been blocked on I4C's recommendation due to security reasons.

Cyber and Information Security (CIS) Division was created in Ministry of Home Affairs in 2017.

National Cyber Crime Reporting Portal



Since its launch in January 2020, more than 27 lakh cyber crime complaints have been registered on this portal, out of which 52 thousand complaints have been converted into FIRs and 13.8 crore people have used this portal.

Indian Cyber Crime Coordination Centre (I4C)

On January 10, 2020, Hon'ble Home Minister Shri Amit Shah launched the 'Indian Cyber Crime Coordination Centre (I4C)' to deal with cyber crime in a coordinated and comprehensive manner.

Under this, for different purposes 7 Institutions/Platforms have also been launched:

National Cyber Crime Threat Analytical Unit National Cyber National Cyber Crime Forensic Crime Reporting Laboratory Portal National Cyber Crime Research and Innovation Centre **National Cyber Cyber Crime Crime Forensic Ecosystem** Laboratory **Management Unit Joint Cyber Crime Investigation Task Force**

Crime and Criminal Tracking Network and System





CCTNS has been implemented in 16,625 police stations

across the country.



99.9% of police stations (16,597) are registering 100% FIRs directly on CCTNS.



The CCTNS national database so far contains 28.98 crore police records.



Using CCTNS, Citizens Centric police services are being provided. More than 12.82 crore service requests have been received from citizens, out of which 12.35 crore requests have been disposed of by the state police.

Inter-Operable Criminal Justice System (ICJS)

The main pillars of ICJS were developed by MHA as independent silos, such as in form of CCTNS: e-police, e-courts, e-jails, e-forensics, and e-prosecution were developed.

- > E-Police, in the form of CCTNS has been implemented in 100% police stations.
- > The e-forensic application has been implemented in 117 forensic labs.
- > E-jails have been implemented in 1300 jails.
- > The e-prosecution application has been implemented in 751 prosecution districts and the remaining 153 districts software configuration is in progress.

ICJS phase - II

- To further strengthen ICJS, Hon'ble Home Minister Shri Amit Shah launched Phase 2 towards data exchange, single point data entry, secure online-paperless transactions, has been approved.
- The Phase-II system is being built on the principle of "**One Data One Entry"** and will be made available through a dedicated and secure cloud-based infrastructure with high-speed connectivity.
- The cost of which up to the financial year 2025-26 is 3375 crores.

112 ERSS

- The ERSS ecosystem providing 112-based emergency response service is operational in all states/UTs.
- Integration of various helplines such as Railway Helpline Number (139), National Disaster Helpline Number (1077), Women Helpline (181) and Child Helpline (1098) with 112 ERSS is in progress.

Safe City Project



Safe City Project is a centrally sponsored scheme for 8 cities at a total cost of ₹2840 crore.



Its primary objective is to develop a safe environment for women, children and the elderly in public places. Recently, Home Minister Shri Amit Shah inaugurated the Bengaluru Safe City Project.

National Automatic Fingerprint Identification System

- Hon'ble Home Minister Shri Amit Shah dedicated NAFIS to nation on August 17, 2022.
- So far, more than 1 crore (1,05,80,266 records) are being integrated.
- As of January 31, 2023, so far the prints have been checked 23,378 times.

Investigation Tracking System for Sexual Offences (ITSSO)

- To monitor and track police investigations in two months.
- ITSSO compliance rate increased from 43% in 2018 to 60% in 2023.

National Database of Sexual Offenders (NDSO)

- It is a searchable registry of over 13 lakh offenders involved in sexual offences like rape, molestation, stalking, child abuse etc.
- This includes the names, addresses, photographs and fingerprint details of the offenders. It helps in identification and verification of sexual offenders to prevent further crimes.

'1930' helpline number

- In view of the increasing cyber financial frauds, the '1930' helpline number has been launched.
- The platform, which covers over 250 banks and financial intermediaries, assists in "real-time action" such as restricting 'fraudulent funds' and 'marking lien-money'.
- The quick reporting system and actions of the Task Force have resulted in savings of over ₹665 crore, on over 12.90 lakh complaints registered so far.

NIDAN (National Integrated Database on Arrested Narco-Offenders)



Launched on July 30, 2022, by the Hon'ble Home Minister Shri Amit Shah ji and it is the national unified database portal on the Arrested Narco-Criminal, being first of its kind.

It is a part of the Narcotics

Coordination Mechanism
(NCORD) portal.

NIDAN is a 'one-stop solution' which supports the investigating agencies as an effective tool to connect 'points and proofs' in the investigation process through data related to all drug offenders.

National Centre for Missing and Exploited Children (NCMEC)

So far, more than 62.59 lakhs cyber tipline reports have been shared with the concerned States/UTs for taking necessary action.

NDOFO (National Database of Offends of Foreign Origin)

Launched on January 20, 2023, it is a registry of foreigners involved in crime in India having details of convicted and accused foreign offenders.

NDOFO is a 'one-stop solution' for data related to all foreign criminals and the system is available to all police stations and law enforcement agencies.

Benefits to citizens: Citizens benefit through reduction in crimes committed against them by foreigners such as marital disputes, visa fraud, illegal immigration, Nigerian lotteries and other cyber crimes.

Portal: Central Citizen Services on digitalpolicecitizenservice.gov.in

Under the guidance of Hon'ble Home Minister Shri Amit Shah, NCRB has launched three new central citizen services on **digitalpolicecitizenservice.gov.in** portal. Since the launch, 16.83 lakh logins have been made by citizens. These services include:

Missing Person Search: This service allows citizens to search for their missing relatives online from the national database of recovered unidentified persons/unidentified bodies. The service was launched on January 29, 2020 and 26,672 searches were made till March 1, 2023.

Generate Vehicle NOC: This service helps citizens to find out the old condition of any vehicle i.e., the vehicle is suspicious or clean before purchasing it. The service was launched on January 29, 2020 and 18.92 lakh searches were made, out of which 1.1 lakh people were found to have suspicious vehicles.

Declared Offenders: Information on declared offenders is available to citizens on the website. The service was launched on August 21, 2020 and as of February 28, 2023 about 44,256 citizens used the information of declared offenders.

National Database on Human Traffickers (NDHT)



With the help of NIC, NCRB has developed a web portal called National Database on Human Trafficking (currently 92,882) based on data available in Prison and CCTNS. The services available on the portal are as follows:

This portal provides illegal trader searches, crime history, personal details, movement, court proceedings, appeals, visitor information, etc. In addition to this, data can be filtered on residence status, case type, case status, type of accused, etc.

The search on illegal traders' data compiled by various Central/State agencies provides details for prevention of these crimes, detection and investigation of criminals.

Smart Data Visualization through dashboard – Provides details of state-wise illegal traders inside/outside the jail, state-wise offender/undertrial illegal traders, state-wise and age-wise, criminals etc.

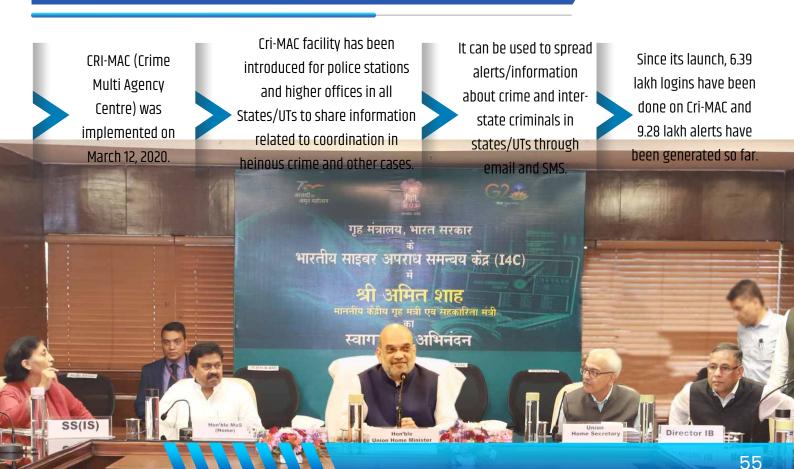
Adjournment Alert Module

Adjournment Alert Module: An alert mechanism module developed in the e-Prosecution application as a step towards facilitating States/UTs to ensure timely disposal of criminal cases.

According to the new facility, whenever a government prosecutor seeks a stay more than twice in a criminal case, the system has a provision to send alerts to senior officers.

As a way forward, NIC is in the process of integrating it directly with e-Courts.

CRI-MAC (Crime Multi Agency Center)



Other Initiatives



National Cyber Forensic Laboratory at CFSL, Hyderabad dedicated to the nation.

Cyber Forensics- Training Laboratories have been commissioned in 33 States/UTs and grant-in-aid of ₹122.24 crore has been provided for training of LEA/Judicial Officers/Public Prosecutors and recruitment of Junior Forensic Consultant.

Formation of 7 Joint Cyber Crime Coordination Teams (JCCT) for Cyber Crime Hotspot Areas (Mewat, Jamtara, Ahmedabad, Hyderabad, Chandigarh, Visakhapatnam and Guwahati).

Promoting 'Cyber Hygiene': An 'Annual Action Plan' is being prepared by the Central Ministries and the State Administration.

A state-of-the-art National Cyber Forensic Laboratory (Investigation) has been set up to assist forensic analysis.

Awareness about cyber crimes by giving cyber security related suggestions through 'Cyber Dost'.

And the first Wednesday of every month will be celebrated as 'Cyber Awareness Day'.



In today's digital age, it is impossible to envision a country's progress without a solid foundation of cybersecurity. Thanks to the guidance of Modi Ji, India is making significant strides in this field.

- Shri Amit Shah (Hon'ble Home Minister)



Forensic Science

"Justice is contained in the word forensic science"

Target

- Integrating our criminal justice system with forensic science investigations
- To bring our conviction rate at par with developed countries
- Compulsory forensic examination in cases of punishment of more than 7 years.
- Providing forensic mobile test facility in each district
- Maintaining independence, autonomy, impartiality in forensic investigation

Strengthening **Forensic Infrastructure**

Availability and

Creation of manpower of forensic experts

Promotion of Research and Development in Forensic Science

adoption of forensic technology



4-Pronged Strategy in the field of

Forensic Science

The fear of getting caught and the apprehension of being proven guilty in court are significant deterrents that help in controlling crime. This is where the role of forensic science becomes extremely crucial and important.

- Shri Narendra Modi (Hon'ble Prime Minister)







Apart from Gandhinagar (Gujarat) and Delhi, campuses of National Forensic Science University were established at Goa, Agartala (Tripura) and Bhopal (Madhya Pradesh) and at Dharwad (Karnataka) on 28 January 2023 and at Guwahati (Assam), the foundation stone for the establishment of the campus was completed on 25 May 2023.

National Forensic Science University and Directorate of Forensic Science Service jointly established National Forensic Science Academy at CFSL Pune, Bhopal and Guwahati and Forensic Science Training Institute established in Manipur.

State-of-the-art DNA analysis facility inaugurated at Central Forensic Science Laboratory (CFSL), Chandigarh. Setting up of special Units for Investigation of Sexual Assault and Murder, Human Disaster Victim Identification, Paternity Unit and Mitochondrial Unit

To ensure standardization and quality in examination of evidence in sexual assault cases, Directorate of Forensic Science Services notified guidelines for collection, handling and storage of forensic evidence in sexual assault cases

17,320 sexual assault evidence kits were distributed to state territories for training

Three new Central Forensic Science Laboratories established in Pune, Bhopal and Guwahati, foundation stone of Forensic Science Laboratory for Jammu and Kashmir laid (23 June 2023)

Post graduate programs related to forensic science subjects were started



Establishment of Indian Cyber Crime Coordination Center (I4C) and National Cyber Forensic Lab Ecosystem

Establishment of cyber forensic-cum-training laboratories in the states

₹250.60 crore sanctioned to 30 States/UTs for strengthening capabilities for DNA analysis and cyber crime in forensic science laboratories in the country

A scheme for modernization of forensic capabilities has been approved with a financial outlay of ₹2080.5 crore

So far 28539 investigating officers, prosecutors and doctors have been trained in collection, handling and transportation of forensic evidence in sexual assault cases by the Bureau of Police Reforms and Development and Lok Nayak Jaiprakash Narayan National Institute of Criminology and Forensic Science

National Automated Fingerprint Identification System (NAFIS): Around 84.46 crore fingerprint records digitized



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Unless punishment is not based on forensic evidence, we cannot improve the rate of convictions.

- Shri Amit Shah (Hon'ble Home Minister)

Border Security

With a vigilant security system, Indian borders became impenetrable

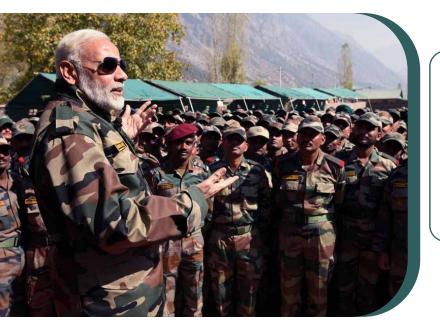
BSF was established, focus shifted on border security, but the development of the people of the border area was ignored

Our Border Policy

In the first decade of independence, the border area was completely ignored. (POK, AKSAI CHINA, NEFA)

During Atalji's tenure focus on border management- one border-one force

Security in the leadership of Modi ji: Development and Democracy





The unity of citizens is crucial for the integrity of the nation, and border security is directly connected to the strength of our security forces. To ensure that the morale of our brave soldiers and courage remain high at the borders and soar even higher than the sky, meeting their needs has become one of the country's top priorities.

- Shri Narendra Modi (Hon'ble Prime Minister)

Clear Policy-safe Border



Strong infrastructure created in

border areas

In the villages of Border areas, 100% implementation of welfare programmes programmes

Easy connectivity of border areas with railways, waterways and roadways Encouraging trade from borderlands

O

Direct communication with people. People-to-people connect

Main Tactical Decisions

Rapid progress in border infrastructure: fencing, border road, flood lights, BoPs.

The Home Ministry declared an appropriate government for rehabilitation and rearrangement in border security.

Development of border areas:
Rapid implementation of Frontier
Development Festival, Vibrant
Village Programme and Border
Area Development Program.

Border Trade: ICPs.

Siddhi

Achievements: Clear Policy created outcomes (May 2019 – 31 July 2023)



Construction of 157.315 Km complete {Indo-Bangladesh- 85.101 Km*, Indo-Pakistan- 63.0 Km, Indo-Myanmar- 9.214 Km}

(* including 27.268 km in Tripura)



- Construction of 485.366 Km complete {IBB-108.18 Km, IPB-60.50 Km, INB-254.386 Km, ICB*-62.30 Km}
- ICBR-I In 25 road projects (62.30 Km) completed
- ICBR II- 683 Km. Approval has been given for the construction of 32 long roads, out of which work has started
 on 28, statutory approval is pending on 4. A total of 57 roads (ICBR-I- 25 and ICBR-II- 32) are under construction,
 out of which work on 18 roads has been completed.



Construction of 132.30 Km complete {Indo-Bangladesh-72.30 Km, Indo-Pakistan-60.0 Km}



- Construction of 155 Nos complete {Indo-Bangladesh- 107 Nos., Indo-Pakistan- 31 Nos., Indo-China- 04 Nos., Indo-Nepal- 01 No., Indo-Bhutan- 12 Nos.}
- 47 new border outposts (BOP) and 12 staging camps of ITBP approved, 04 BOP and 02 staging camps established.



Project for construction of earthen dam, causeway and Naka-cum-scaffold-cum-combat bunkers (135 feet wide strip) along the 179 km border in Jammu sector in progress Project in progress.



Process initiated for setting up of Project Monitoring Unit (PMU) for efficient monitoring of all border infrastructure projects of Ministry of Home Affairs.

The construction work of 07 Observation Post (0.P.Tower) is in progress in Harminala and Sir Creek area of Border Security Force in Gujarat on Bhuj sector.

To facilitate land acquisition for critical border projects such as Border Fences, Border Outposts, Border Roads and Integrated Check Posts, Ministry of Rural Development has declared Ministry of Home Affairs as the "Appropriate Government" under the Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, 2013 (RFCTLARR Act, 2013) on March 12, 2020. This achievement will facilitate Ministry of Home Affairs to acquire land under the Urgency Clause for critical border infrastructure project.

The work stalled since 2013 on 9.214 km fencing between Border Pillar No. 79 and 81 on the India-Myanmar border in Moreh area of Manipur state has restarted from January 2021 and has been completed.

Expenditure Finance Committee (EFC) has appraised and recommended Central Sector Scheme 'Border Infrastructure and Management (BIM)' for the period 2021-22 to 2025-26 at a cost of ₹13,020 crore in its meeting held on July 28, 2021.

Cabinet Committee on Security (CCS) in its decision dated January 19, 2022 has approved the Border Infrastructure and Management (BIM) Scheme for continuation till March 31, 2026, or till further review, with a cost of ₹13,020 crore.

Land acquisition and forest clearance have been completed on 29 out of the 32 sanctioned ICBR-II roads in 2020 along the India-China border.

ITBP has acquired 205.30 acres of land and 331.15 acres of Forest Clearance in the last 04 years.

582 acres of land has been acquired for fencing, roads and BOPs along the India-Pakistan border.

95 acres of land has been acquired for fencing, road and BOP along the Indo-Bangladesh border.

In India-Pakistan border - 129, in Indo-Bangladesh border - 165, in Indo-Nepal and Indo-Bhutan border - 06 O.P. Towers have been built.

BOPS/COBS being provided electricity connetions - 102 Nos in Indo-Pakistan Border, 24 Nos. in Indo-Bangladesh Border, 19 Nos. in Indo-China Border, 10 Nos. in Indo-Myanmar Border and 95 Nos. BOP/COB in Indo-Nepal and Indo-Bhutan Borders.

In India-Pakistan border - 34, in Indo-Bangladesh border - 96, in Indo-China border - 26 numbers, in Indo-Myanmar border - 77, in Indo-Nepal and Indo-Bhutan border - 67 solar plants have been prepared while Five solar plants have been upgraded along the India-China border.



In Indo-Pakistan border – 03, in Indo-China border – 20 no., Indo-Nepal and Indo-Bhutan border – 02 helipads have been completed.

In Indo-Pakistan border 09 nos, Indo-Bangladesh border – 65 nos, Indo-China border – 06 nos, Indo-Myanmar border – 31 nos and Indo-Nepal and Indo Bhutan border – 38 nos BOPs / Water connections have been made available in the COB.

Border villages will develop, border will be safe

For the all-round development of border villages, the Central Government approved the 'Vibrant Village Programme' on February 15, 2023. For this, ₹4800 crore was announced for the period from financial year 2022-23 to financial year 2025-26. Union Home Minister and Minister of Cooperation Shri Amit Shah launched the 'Vibrant Village Programme' on April 10, 2023 in Kibitu, a border village of Arunachal Pradesh.

Shri Amit Shah inaugurated a two-day workshop on Vibrant Villages Program in New Delhi on May 23 in which DMs of border districts, officials and ministry officials brainstormed on the progress of border villages by enhancing infrastructure.

Development activities will increase in identified villages Availability of basic infrastructure will be ensured

Migration will stop by implementing all government schemes

Emphasis will be on providing civic facilities

Border villages will become empowered by promoting tourism and employment



90

Securing a country's borders is crucial for its national security.
Without secure borders, a country cannot be considered safe.

- **Shri Amit Shah** (Hon'ble Home Minister)



Coastal Security

1//////

Ever-alert surveillance on waterways



Empowering Coastal Security

Smooth execution of coastal security scheme

fishermen

Security of the

National Coastal Policing Academy





Communication and Coordination on coastal security intelligence



Joint Coastal patrolling and Patrolling protocol



GC

The Modi government is actively working to secure the coastal areas of the country and collaborating with all states to achieve this goal.

- Shri Amit Shah (Hon'ble Home Minister)

Achievements during the last 09 years



Smooth Execution of Coastal Security Scheme

Completed in 2 phases.

The Coastal States were provided with 120 Coastal Police Stations, 06 Marine Police Operation Centres, 37 JT, 161 Four wheelers and 242 two-wheelers.

Communication and Coordination on Coastal Security and Intelligence

First National Seminar related to coordination and communication on coastal security information by Coast Guards organised. The Indian Navy, Indian Coast Guards, state governments, and union territories coordinated with Indian missions based in countries that share maritime boundaries with India.

Joint Coastal patrolling and Patrolling protocol decided upon

Began in an effective manner from August 2020.

New coastal patrolling/SOP/pattern/protocol introduced to effectively protect coastal waters and coastline. Till 30 June 2023, 1712 sorties and 1111 class room instructions were conducted in which 4115 Coastal Police personnel participated.

National coastal Policing Academy

870 Coastal Police/Customs personnel completed the Maritime Police Foundation Course at NACP at Dwarka, Gujarat.

Security of fishermen

Identification of fishermen was made secured through QR code enabled PVC Aadhaar card

Almost 12 lakh Aadhaar cards with QR codes distributed.

More than 3 lakh boats were registered.

By September, 2020 the colour coding process of fishing boats was completed.

1537 fish landing points were identified and surveyed.

SOP decided on the protection of Single Point Moorings (SPM)



Crucial Initiatives



Guidelines on the security of non-major ports.

Coastal mapping of important properties and points.

Ensuring equal coastal security organizational structure and equal jurisdication.

Dedicated cadre for coastal security is being constituted.

Seek out technical solutions for vigilance of fish landing.

Preparation of road map for model coastal states to ensure effective protection of coastal sea, coast line and real-time coordination between ICG and Coastal police.

Maritime Boards being set up in coastal states.

Formation of an Expert committee for the improvement of the Bureau of Port Security.

Provisions of Marine incidents were included in Incident reporting system (IRS).

Provision for reporting of maritime incidents has been incorporated in the Incident Reporting System (IRS).

General Information Programme: For this,

A task force was formed and a common
communication plan was developed.

Disaster Management

Holistic Approach of Awareness, Vigilance, Relief, Rescue, Rehabilitation

Approach: Under the leadership of Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi, a holistic and integrated approach to disaster management has

been brought in India.





Important policy decisions

Early warning and prepreparation based

National Disaster
Management Plan

Response Force

Scientific distribution of disaster funds

Community Based
Disaster Management

Disaster Risk Reduction

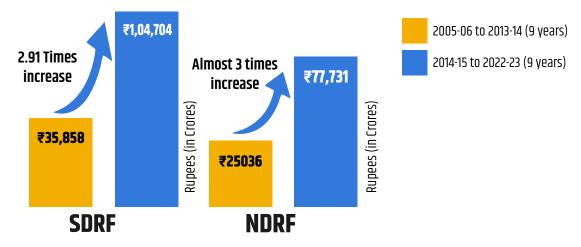
Major success in disaster management



- Success in implementing a robust early warning and first responder system, which is benefiting not only India but also our neighbouring countries.
- Our efforts have reduced the loss of lives and property due to cyclones by about 98%.
- Similarly, we achieved a significant reduction in heat wave-related mortality.
- Even in the midst of COVID, when many of our critical assets such as oxygen-generating units were in the cyclone affected zone, the system has responded effectively.
- In June 2016, Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi launched the National Disaster Management Plan (NDMP).
 - Horizontal and vertical integration among all agencies and departments related to disaster management has also been laid down in a matrix format.
- •••• On June 13, 2023, Union Home Minister and Minister of Cooperation, Shri Amit Shah chaired a meeting with Ministers of Disaster Management of the States/Union Territories and announced three major schemes worth more than ₹8000 crore for disaster management in the country
 - ₹5,000 Crore project to expand and modernize fire services across states.
 - ₹2,500 Crore project to reduce the risk of urban flooding in the seven most populous metros Mumbai, Chennai, Kolkata, Bengaluru, Hyderabad, Ahmedabad and Pune.
 - ₹825 Crore National Landslide Risk Mitigation Project for 17 States and Uts.
- Establishment of National Disaster Response Reserve (NDRR):
 - National Disaster Response Reserve (NDRR) with a revolving fund of ₹250 crore to keep the inventory ready to provide immediate relief.
- "Active Availability" of NDRF Force: In states under the policy of "pre-deployment".
 - NDRF has established 06 additional corps since 2014 to provide immediate relief.
 - NDRF has 16 operational vessels.
 - NDRF teams set up Regional Response Centres in 28 cities across the country.
 - The presence of NDRF team and their transport system was streamlined.
 - Formation of SDRF in all states: Except Telangana, Almost all states or is taking up specific tasks of disaster response from state police/home guards etc.

- Disaster Fund Distribution: Under scientific process
 - National Disaster Mitigation Fund (NDMF) was formed in February 2021.
 - Allocation of ₹13,693 crore under NDMF; and
 - ₹32,031 crore under State Disaster Mitigation Fund (SDMF).





- Send proactive IMCT
 - Today, immediately after the natural calamity and without waiting for the memorandum of the State Government, it is being sent to IMCT.
 - ■► In the last 4 years, 73 IMCT teams have been sent to various states and are dispatched within 10 days.
- IDRN (India Disaster Resource Network): A nationwide electronic catalogue.
 - 2,99,121 new records have been updated between January 1, 2022 and June 11, 2023.
- Establishment of NDRF Academy: The foundation stone of NDRF was laid by Hon'ble Home Minister on January 2, 2020 at Nagpur.
- Disaster Friend Scheme:
 - The 'Disaster Mitra Scheme' has been implemented in 350 multi-risk disaster prone districts.
 - The goal is to train more than 1 lakh young volunteers.
 - All of them will also be provided life insurance by the government.
 - So far, 83,024 volunteers have been trained.
 - Disaster Mitra Scheme approved with total outlay of ₹369.41 crore.



Disaster management is now a shared responsibility instead of being a solely government obligation. It requires a collective effort from all individuals.

- **Shri Narendra Modi** (Hon'ble Prime Minister)





- common Alerting Protocol (C. A. P.): Launched in March 2021 with an outlay of ₹354 crore to provide geographically based instant alerts through mobile phones regarding emergencies/disasters. Common Alerting Protocol Integration of this platform with IMD Headquarters (+29 Centre), CWC Headquarters INCOIS Headquarters and DGRE has been completed. Along with this, integration with FSI, Satellite Receiver (Gagan O Navik) and Telecom Service Provider has also been completed. Common Alerting Protocol (C. A. P.) Proof of concept for Coastal Siren and integration with Google is in progress.
- The National Disaster Management Information System (NIDMS) Portal Portal has been launched for collection of sector-wise data on disaster losses and development of a comprehensive online module to monitor progress on various indicators under the four (04) goals of the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction (SFDRR).
- "Dial 112' Emergency Response Support System (ERSS) was approved with an outlay of ₹41 crore for disaster emergencies.
- The India Universities and Institutions Network for Disaster Risk Reduction (IUIN-DRR-NIDM) was set up. So far, 251 universities have been added to IUINDRR.
- The Government of India has instituted the Subhash Chandra Bose Disaster Management Award .
- A model bill for the provision of maintenance of fire and emergency services for the states has been sent by the Ministry of Home Affairs to all the states by 16 September 2019.
- *** Mobile Application
 - Weather For daily weather information, forecasts and warnings of cyclones, heavy rainfall, heat wave, cold wave etc. and severe weather for the general public
 - Meghdoot For weather based agricultural management by farmers.
 - Damini Lightning warning available in 15 languages.
 - A special app for crowdsourcing weather information.



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When a disaster or emergency occurs in any part of the country and people learn that the NDRF (National Disaster Response Force) or SDRF (State Disaster Response Force) is on the spot, half of their worries are relieved.

- **Shri Amit Shah** (Hon'ble Home Minister)

In the recent past, under the provisions of the Disaster Management Act in the field of disaster management, about 32 guidelines have been made on disasters like Hazard Specific, Covid-19,



Out of which 8 guidelines have been made in the last 4 years...



International Cooperation



Asian Ministerial Conference on Disaster Risk Reduction (AMCDRR): During November, 2016, Hon'ble Prime Minister announced a 10-point agenda on Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR) in New Delhi.



Establishment of Coalition for Disaster Resilient Infrastructure (CDRI):

- The Government of India has committed financial assistance of ₹480 crore for a period of five years from 2019-20 to 2023-24.
- 31 countries and 6 international organizations and 2 private sector organizations have joined this alliance.
- In the light of the Cabinet's decision to classify CDRI as an international organization, a "Headquarters Agreement" has been signed between CDRI and Government of India on August 22, 2022.



Meeting the United Nations standards of international disaster rescue, NDRF is striving to get global recognition from INSARG (International Search & Rescue Advisory Group), which will enable the force to carry out search and rescue operations on united nations mandated international standards.



February 2023: Three teams comprising 151 NDRF personnel were sent to Turkey with all necessary equipment for search and rescue operations in the affected areas of Turkey devastated by a massive earthquake.

Changed the British Era Laws

The criminal justice system will undergo transformation.





Even seven decades after independence, our country's criminal justice system continues to operate under laws created by the British, including the Indian Penal Code (IPC), Criminal Procedure Code (CrPC), and Evidence Act. At that time, these laws were framed to serve the interests of colonial administration, not the people. Under the leadership of Home Minister Amit Shah, three laws, IPC, CrPC, and Evidence Act, laden with symbols of servitude, were repealed to bring about justice.

From Now On

1 Indian Penal Code, 1860

Bharatiya Nyay Samhita, 2023

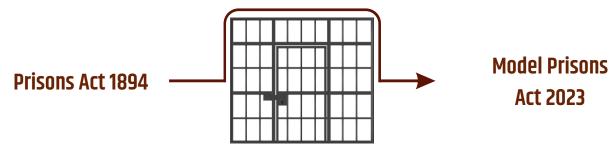
Criminal Procedure Code (CrPC 1898,1973)

Bharatiya Nagrik Suraksha Samhita, 2023

Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam, 2023



The Modi government has also made changes to the 130-year-old prison laws, finalised the 'Model Prisons Act 2023' to replace the 'Prisons Act 1894' and sent it to the states.



The Changes Included in All Three Laws

The 160-year-old British Colonial Legacy
Altered

A total of 385 sections underwent changes in all three colonial laws, with the addition of 18 new sections and the repeal of 36 sections.

More than 150 New Names Included

By amending the three colonial laws, the legal language has been

improved.

Bharatiya Nagrik Surakhsha Samhita, 2023

- ▶ It will have 533 Sections (Instead of 478 Sections in the CrPC)
- > A total of 160 sections changed
- > 9 New Sections Added
- > 9 Sections Removed

Bharatiya Nyay Samhita, 2023

- It will have 356 Sections (Instead of 511 in the IPC)
- > A total of 175 sections changed
- > 8 new sections added
- > 22 sections repealed

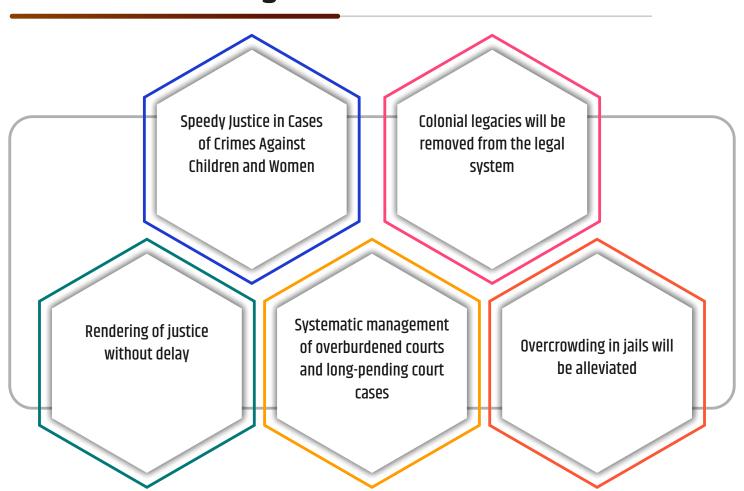
Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam, 2023

- lt will have 170 sections (Instead of 167 in the original law)
- ➤ A total of 23 sections changed
- > 1 new section added
- > 5 sections repealed

Correction Through Consultation

- > 158 formal and informal review meetings were conducted by the Honourable Home Minister.
- The reform process initiated by the Ministry of Home Affairs in 2019 was brought forward after considering numerous suggestions. In which suggestions were provided:
 - By states and Union Territories
 - By the Supreme Court of India and the High Courts
 - By law colleges, judicial academies, and law universities
 - By bar councils
 - By Members of Parliament
 - **By IPS officers, state and central forces**

What will be the changes and reforms in the new laws?



Few salient features of the three laws

From validating digital records to digitizing the procedure from FIRs and judgments.

Making videography compulsory during search and seizures.

To attain more than a 90% conviction rate advance forensic examination, reform police investigation prosecution and improve forensics.

Informing the victim about the progress of the police investigation within 90 days, in which digital information will also be included.

New provision for attachment and seizure of property owned by declared offenders.

Repealed sedition completely

Female judicial magistrates will record the statements of the victims in cases of sexual violence.

	Provision of life-term imprisonment or capital punishment for ra of a minor.
For the first time, the Norime.	Nyay Samhita defines terrorism and recognizes it as a punishable
	New penal section added for organized crimes.
Provision of e-FIRs and	Zero FIRs.
	Speeding up and simplification of the trial procedure by introducing summary trials in cases of petty offences.

The benefits of the Model Prisons Act, 2023

Under the new law focus will be on commercial training, skill development and rehabilitation of jail inmates.

Safety and security of female and transgender jail inmates emphasized in the new Prison Law.

Provisions for legal assistance to jail inmates and granting of Furlow, Parole and release before completion of sentence for good conduct have been included.

Provision to shield society from dreaded and habitual offenders.

Ensuring rehabilitation of jail inmates in society as law-abiding citizens.

Provision of punishment to jail inmates and jail employees for using prohibited items like mobile phones in the jail premises.

Provision of video conferencing with courts and scientific and technical facilities in the jails.

Introduction of technology to ensure transparency in jails.

Provision of setting up highsecurity jails, open jails (open and semi-open) and management.

Union Territory

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Development of Union Territories in the priorities list of the Centre



Our Union Territory Policy

100%
implementation of
flagship schemes in
Union Territories

Minimum
Government
Maximum
Governance

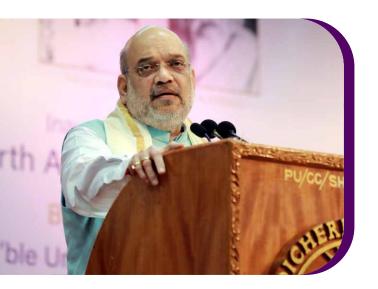
Zero tolerance towards corruption in all union territories Adoption and implementation of best practices which UTs consider most suitable for them

Privatization of Electricity Distribution in Union Territories

• In Dadra & Nagar Haveli and Daman & Diu: Privatization process has been completed and transfer scheme has been notified with effect from April 1, 2022.

Aligning the service conditions of employees of Chandigarh with Central Civil Services

The service conditions of all employees of Chandigarh were brought in line with the Central Civil Services.



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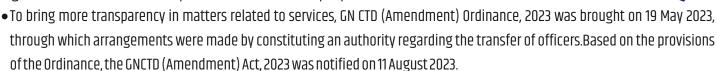
The goal of the Indian government is to establish the union territories as a prime example of effective governance and progress. This is meant to create a path towards economic growth through a self-sufficient economy.

- Shri Amit Shah (Hon'ble Home Minister)

Administrative Reforms in Delhi







• The Government of National Capital Territory (GNCTD) Amendment Act, 2021: With an aim to further define the responsibilities of the elected Government and the Lieutenant Governor and to create a harmonious relationship between the Legislature and the Executive, the amendment act was enacted.

Merger of Union Territories of Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu and extension of law/regulations

- Important step taken to ease administration and promote good governance and bring uniformity.
- The Dadra & Nagar Haveli and Daman & DIU (Merger of Union Territories) Act, according to Section 19 of 2019, the entire process of adaptation/cancellation of all laws was completed before the prescribed time limit i.e., January 26, 2022.

Medical college was established in Silvassa

Approval has also been conveyed for creation of 331 posts for the Medical College.

Performance Grading Index 2019-20

- Under Samagra Shiksha, UTs have shown a lot of improvement in their performance under the Performance Grading Index 2019-20 as compared to their performance in the year 2018-19.
- Chandigarh, Delhi, Jammu & Kashmir, Ladakh, Lakshadweep and Puducherry have also shown improvement in their performance in the index for 2020-2021 as compared to 2019 20.

Delhi Police on September 1, 2021 has decided to separate law and order and investigation

- Important decision taken with the objective of improving the quality of investigation and ensuring speedy disposal of cases.
- To prepare a five-year action plan for the Union Territories in line with the National Vision 2047, a conference of Union Territories was held under the chairmanship of Union Home and Cooperation Minister Shri Amit Shah Ji in New Delhi on December 29, 2022. The role of Union Territories has been decided in accordance with the National Vision 2047.
- Workshop/Training on Forensic and Information Communication System Audit for Cyber Security for officers of UTs and Delhi Police was organized at NFSU, Gandhinagar from December 29 to 30, 2022.





Flagship Schemes



100% transfer of funds through electronic means in all Union Territories.

Today every adult has a bank account in Chandigarh, DNH&DD, Delhi, Ladakh and Puducherry.

100% electrification has been achieved in the UTs of A&NI,
Chandigarh, DNH&DD,
Puducherry, Lakshadweep.

Under Pradhan Mantri Ujjwala Yojana, target of 100% LPG coverage has been achieved in A&NI, Chandigarh, Ladakh, Jammu & Kashmir and Delhi.

More health and wellness centers have been set up in all Union Territories than their stated targets.

Notification has been issued to ban certain types single use plastic in Union Territories.

Under Pradhan Mantri Garib Kalyan Anna Yojana, beneficiaries of the National Food Security Act (NFSA) have been provided free food grains, in addition to their regular monthly NFSA food grains.

Union Territories have achieved saturation in Phase 1 to 5 of Pradhan Mantri Garib Kalyan Anna Yojana.

One Nation One Ration Card (ONORC) has been implemented in all UTs, and Fair Price Shops are automated in all UTs (In Chandigarh and Puducherry, Direct Benefit Transfer (DBT) based facility has been implemented for beneficiaries.



A tribute to Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose

- During the Ministry of Home Affair's Iconic Event Week (January 17 to 23, 2023), under AKAM, various programmes were organized on the places [Keithalmanbi, Mantripukhari and Moirang (Manipur), Kohima (Nagaland), Haripura, Bardoli and Surat (Gujarat), Cuttack (Odisha), Kolkata (West Bengal), Port Blair (Andaman and Nicobar Islands)], related to the life of Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose.
- Sankalp se Siddhi ke
- Naming of 21 islands in Andaman & Nicobar Islands after Paramvir Chakra winners by Hon'ble Prime Minister on October 23. 2023.
- Announcement of Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose Memorial at Netaji Subhash Chandra Bose Island, Andaman & Nicobar by Hon'ble Prime Minister on January 23, 2023.

Other significant achievements

Regularization of Regular Muster Roll Workers in NDMC

By amendment in Recruitment Rules, regularization / confirmation of 4408 Regular Muster Roll Workers and about 63
doctors working in NDMC.

Legislative work

- Delhi Municipal Corporation (Amendment) Act, 2022 Notified: Unification of Delhi Municipal Corporation.
- 15 important regulations and orders were passed and notified in the past years.

Development Work

- Satellite bandwidth increased from 2.118 GBPS to 4 GBPS in Andaman & Nicobar Islands.
- 24x7 pan-city water supply project in the Union Territory of Chandigarh approved.





Policy



Development of eco tourism projects



100% saturation of key flagship schemes



Ensuring all-time air connectivity



Digital - Broadband Connectivity



Focus on Great Nicobar and Little Andaman

Achievements

Development of eco tourism projects

Andaman and Nicobar Islands

In-principle approval was given for the development of four eco-tourism projects in the Andaman and Nicobar Islands: Lalaji Bay, Long Island, Aves Island, Smith Island and Shaheed Island.

Lakshadweep

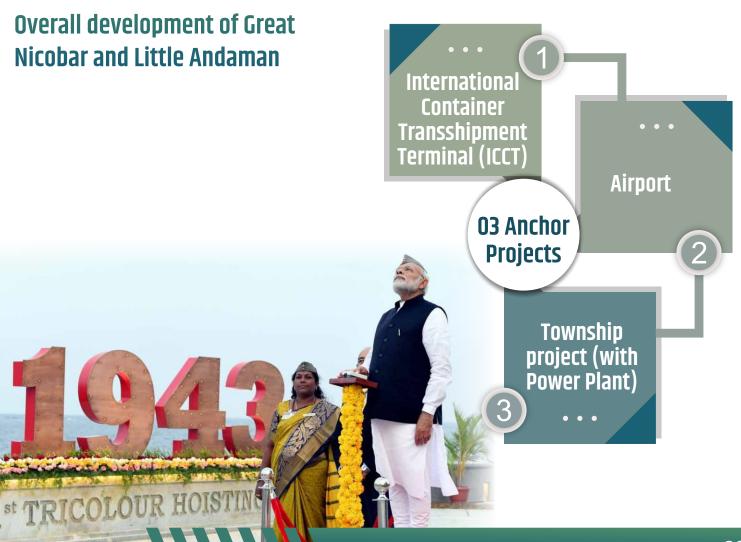
The Ministry has given approval to develop three eco-tourism projects in Minicoy, Kadmat and Suheli islands in Lakshadweep on PPP mode.



- After the approval of this Ministry, on July 29, 2022, the Lakshadweep Administration has issued the work order to IHCL (Taj) for eco-tourism projects in Kadmat and Suheli.
- These projects will include India's first Water Villas. This initiative aims to promote high end low volume sustainable ecotourism in Lakshadweep. It can emerge as a global tourist destination.

Digital/Broadband Connectivity

- Satellite bandwidth has been increased from 2.118 Gbps to 4 Gbps in Andaman and Nicobar Islands.
- Kochi Lakshadweep Islands Submarine Optical Fiber Cable Project (KLI Project): At a total cost of ₹1072 crore, this project will provide about 100 GBPS connectivity to all the populated islands of Lakshadweep.
- Chennai Andaman Nicobar Islands (CANI) Optical Fiber Cable Project: The foundation stone of the CANI project connecting Port Blair to the mainland with a cost of ₹1224 crore was laid by Prime Minister Narendra Modi on 30 December 2018. The Prime Minister inaugurated it on 10 August 2020.
- With the launch of CANI, domestic services provided by BSNL have significantly improved in South Andaman districts including Swaraj Island, Shaheed Island, Little Andaman and North and Middle Andaman districts. The project currently gives 200 GBPS of bandwidth available from CANI to Chennai Port Blair and 100 GBPS connectivity between the islands.
- Satellite bandwidth in Lakshadweep has been increased from 31 MBPS to 1.71 GBPS.



Development and operation of alternate airports

Andaman Nicobar



- The new terminal building at Veer Savarkar International Airport in Port Blair was inaugurated by the Prime Minister on 18 July 2023. Built at a cost of approximately Rs 710 crore, this terminal building has a capacity of 50 lakh passengers per year.
- Diglipur/Shibpur Airport, Andaman & Nicobar Islands: Financial approval of Rs. 1.67 crore per annum granted for this project.
- Shibpur Airport approved to operate at a cost of Rs 1.67 crore per annum. AAI has completed all the facilities required for civil operations at Shibpur Airport.
- MoCA has selected M/s Big Charters Pvt. Ltd. as the selected airline operator to operate the 19-seater aircraft between Port Blair and Shibpur under UDAN 4.3.



Major Flagship Schemes Kashat - Percentage Saturation



09 Major Flagship / Welfare / Development Schemes fully implemented by Uts



Swachh Bharat Mission (Rural)



Minimum use of single use plastic (notification issued)



DBT (Funds Transfer through Electronic Mode)



Establishment of health and welfare centers



One Nation Ration Card (ONORC) (Implementation Started)



Pradhan Mantri Garib Kalyan Anna Yojana (PMGKAY) (Phase VI)



Pradhan Mantri Ujjwala Yojana (LPG coverage)



Saubhagya Scheme



connectivity in the Union Territories (Expansion of broadband connectivity to island



Citizenship

Justice to those who were persecuted on the basis of religion



Citizenship (Amendment) Act, 2019



The Citizenship (Amendment) Act, 2019, as soon as it comes into force on January 10, 2020, will help migrants belonging to Hindu, Sikh, Buddhist, Jain Parsi and Christian communities from Afghanistan, Pakistan and Bangladesh to acquire Indian citizenship who have been persecuted on grounds of religious or on fear of such persecution were compelled to take refuge in India.



and who have entered India till December 31, 2014 without valid documents or with valid documents whose validity period has expired.



In respect of all migrants belonging to the aforesaid 6 communities of countries, the period of residence for naturalization has been reduced from 12 years to 6 years.



Any proceedings pending against such persons regarding illegal migration or citizenship will stand terminated on grant of citizenship to them.

Other Decisions

The powers of the Central Government to register as a citizen of India under Section 5 or for grant of certificate of Naturalisation under Section 6 has now been delegated to 31 Districts and 9 States in respect of person belonging to 6 specified minority community of Afghanistan, Bangladesh and Pakistan.



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Our brothers and sisters left everything behind and came to India to protect their lives and dignity and escape from religious persecution. For decades, they had hopes, which were fulfilled by Modi Ji granting them rights and respect. The CAA has brought a new dawn in their lives.

- Shri Amit Shah (Hon'ble Home Minister)

Official Language

SEE SE

Special importance to Hindi in all official works

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Steps taken to strengthen the status of Hindi as official language

There are a total of 2470 computers in the Ministry of Home Affairs and the facility of typing in Hindi through Unicode is available on all of them. Copies of Standard Notes in Hindi and English and Administrative Glossary have been made available to all the officers/officials to assist in writing Hindi notes on files.

Hindi workshops are organized from time to time in the Ministry of Home Affairs. A workshop on Hindi Typing in Unicode was organized on September 29, 2022.

During the year 2022-23, the first subcommittee of the Committee of Parliament on Official Language has carried out official language inspection of 35 subordinate offices of the Ministry of Home Affairs till date. Official language inspection of 100 subordinate offices located in Delhi and outside during the year 2022-23 has been done by the Hindi Division officers of Ministry of Home Affairs.

Official language inspection of 43 sections of Ministry of Home Affairs was also done in March, 2023 by the Hindi Division officers.

The meeting of the Hindi Advisory Committee of the Ministry of Home Affairs was held on October 20, 2021 at Vigyan Bhawan, New Delhi under the chairmanship of the Minister of State for Home Affairs.

Quarterly meetings of the Official Language Implementation Committee (OLIC) of the Ministry of Home Affairs are being held regularly under the chairmanship of the Joint Secretary (CIC).

As per the direction of the Home Secretary, Hindi training workshops were conducted for a total of 350 (125+225) Section Officers/Assistant Section Officers working in the Ministry of Home Affairs for drafting notes on files in Hindi. Total 09 workshops were organised.



For Hindi translation, a workshop was organized on Kanthastha-2.0 tool to translate sensitive information into Hindi while maintaining confidentiality. Another training workshop will be organised on the Kantashth tool, shortly, involving 02 officers from each Department of the Ministry.

Scientific identification of such issues that are currently under the Ministry of Home Affairs but should be handled by another Ministry, transfer those issues to the concerned Ministries.

Sending periodic reports by the constituted committee to reduce the compliance burden for the citizens and business activities.

Reducing the number of Organizations/Trusts/Companies affiliated with the subordinate divisions of the Ministry of Home Affairs.

Fulfillment of vacancies in the next 5 years for all categories of forces and offices under the Ministry of Home Affairs. Timely execution of common man's problems and to establish better contact with the public and to make arrangements in the Ministry for the calls received from the public to be attended by trained persons.

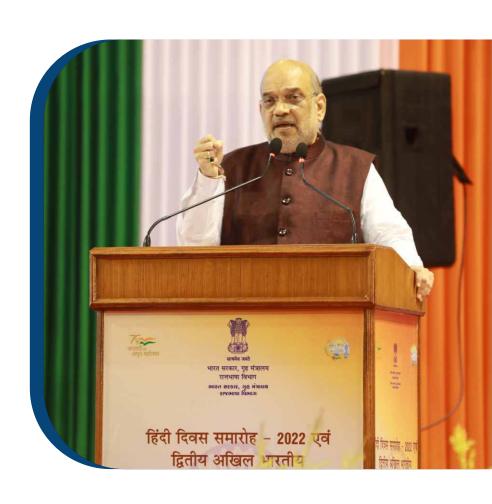
It has been decided to arrange Solar Energy for all residential and office buildings.



Hindi is not in competition with local languages but it rather complements them. As Hindi is enriched, so too will the local languages of the country thrive. The prosperity of these local languages will also benefit Hindi.

- Shri Amit Shah

(Hon'ble Home Minister)



Visa Process

Verification with the help of technology, procedure has been made easy, going abroad has become easier

Key policy decisions

Reliable Traveler Program: Providing quick immigration routes to pre-verified international travelers:

The Credible Passenger Programme is to be rolled out on a pilot basis at Delhi and Mumbai international airports by 2023. Aim to cover 15 international airports by 2027 and remaining airports and major seaports by 2032. Installation of e-Gates: 2 array e-gates on pilot basis at IGI Airport, New Delhi, one each for arrivals and departures.

Liberalization of Indian Visa Regime:

The number of main categories of visas was reduced from 26 to 21 and the number of sub-categories of visas was reduced from 104 to 65.

Su-Swagatam (Bharat Yatra) Mobile App launched:

Visa related services and other relevant information in India available in one place

A mobile app named Su-Swagatam (Bharat Yatra) was developed which has been launched for citizens of 60 countries . Now the name of the Su-Swagatam (India Yatra) mobile app has been changed to the official app Indian Visa Su-Swagatam.

Updating the Visa Manual

Immigration, Visa and Registration and Tracking of Foreigners (IVFRT) Project:

The Centralised Foreigners Registration Office Module (e-FRRO) has been implemented in 12 FRROs and 704 FROs across the country.

So far, it has been implemented in 184 Indian Missions abroad.

The system is now operational at 108 ICP.



Introduction of Electronic Visa (e-Visa) and Visa-on-Arrival:

Help in providing easy entry to foreign nationals through e-Visa.

Prior to the suspension of e-Visa due to COVID-19 pandemic in March, 2020, e-Visa for nationals of 171 countries was available under five sub-categories i.e. e-Tourist Visa, e-Business Visa, e-Medical Visa, e-Medical Attendant Visa and e-Conference Visa. The e-visa facility was suspended during the COVID-19 pandemic. Later, e-visa facility was restored for nationals of 166 of these 171 countries.

Visa-on-arrival (VOA) facility for business, tourism, conference and medical purposes has been extended to nationals of Japan, South Korea and the United Arab Emirates (UAE).

Data related to visa process

E-Tourist Visa has been introduced for a period of 5 years with multiple entrances.

Belarus, Benin, Equatorial (Guyana) and Togo have been included in the list of countries whose citizens are eligible to obtain e-visa on reciprocal basis, taking the total number of countries with e-visa facility to 171.

At present, e-visa facility is available for nationals of 166 countries.

Suswagatam mobile app was launched for citizens of 60 countries.

With effect from March 15, 2022, e-Tourist Visa (1 month, 1 year and 5 years) and Regular Tourist Visa (5 years/10 years) were reintroduced for foreign nationals. Extension of tourist/etourist visa (on a two-month
free basis), waiver of
overstay penalty and exit
permit were granted free of
cost to citizens of Ukraine
and Russia as a goodwill
gesture.

In view of the unusual political circumstances for Afghan nationals, the e-Emergency X-Miscvisa was introduced from August 2021.

Adventure Promotion of tourism To give 123 New peaks opened (Uttarakhand to get visa for foreign nationals for trekking/mountaineering, Sikkim, Jammu and Kashmir and Himachal Pradesh Opened in).



E-Conference Visa has been introduced for conferences organized by private individuals/companies/ organizations to promote trade and investment.

Powers have been delegated to the Bureau of Immigration with regard to facilitating movement of Indian nationals, Pakistani nationals and other foreign nationals through the India-Pakistan land border from Attari (ICP Attari).

Relaxation in Protected Area Permit (PAP) regime in the States of Manipur, Mizoram and Nagaland extended for a period of 5 years i.e. from January 1, 2023 to December 31, 2027. Relaxation in Restricted
Area Permit (RAP) regime
in Andaman and Nicobar
Islands extended for the
next 5 years i.e. from
January 1, 2023 to
December 31, 2027.

Visa Wing: Cases cleared between June 1, 2019 to February 28, 2022

Prior Referral Category **95119** (upto February 28, 2022) E- Foreign Regional Registration
Offices
16013



FCRA

Better Compliance, transparency and accountability



These amendments will help in effective monitoring of receipt and utilization of foreign contribution

To ensure better compliance,
transparency and
accountability as well as
adherence to stated and
legitimate objectives

The administrative
expenditure limit has been
reduced from 50% to 20%
which will reduce
expenditure on unproductive
items such as increased staff
salaries, luxurious buildings
and offices, luxurious
vehicles etc.

Provision of Aadhaar number of all key functionaries. Accurate identification of officials will be ensured.

It is mandatory to open an FCRA account at the main branch of SBI, New Delhi.

Famous/ Eliminate the possibility of fake organizations Complete ban on transfer of foreign contributions.

Other improvements



- The registered associations are required to update the data of relevant details through online application on change of their office bearers/chief office bearers.
- **2** NgOs were given the facility of voluntary surrender of foreign contribution registration.
- 3 It has been made mandatory for every FCRA registered NGO/association to submit annual returns in every financial year within the stipulated time.

Full details of FCRA registration, renewal and disposal of prior permission applications (June 1, 2019 to May 14, 2023)

No.	Service	Provided	Rejected	joint
1	Registration	659	3139	53
2	Renewing	9337	999	82
3	Previous Approval	83	323	11
4	Hospitality	6807	590	601
	Total	22,684		

Details of action taken by the Monitoring Unit (June 1, 2019 to May 14, 2023)

Nature of cases	Total No.	
Suspended or cancelled NGOs	Suspended - 55 - Canceled - 182701	
Ordered Prosecution/Investigation	05	
Mitigation for Crime (Compounding of FCRA offence)	227	
Inspect/inspection of registered associations Audit [Inspection/audit of FCRA registered association]	420	

Tree Plantation Campaign

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Targeted Campaign To Environment Protection

According to Hon'ble Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi, we Indians belong to a culture in which harmony with nature is at the center of our thinking. Today India is leading the world in environment promotion under the leadership of the Hon'ble Prime Minister. Taking forward the thinking of the Hon'ble Prime Minister, in January 2020, the Hon'ble Union Home Minister made a Tree Plantation project with the help of the CAPFs. In this project, a target was set to plant one crore trees every year.

Campaign Features

- The trees to be planted are of indigenous varieties which provide health benefits as well like Neem, Tamarind, Peepal, Sheesham, Banyan etc.
- Age of trees is ranging from 10 years to 100 years.
- During Tree Plantation Drive, the Hon'ble Union Home Minister himself participated in different parts of the country and encouraged the security forces. The responsibility of the harmonious growth of the trees planted by the Hon'ble Union Home Minister was handed over to the concerned commanding officers, about which he himself takes regular information.

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We have always considered nature alive and our relationship with it symbiotic. The customs of worshipping the trees, celebrating seasons in the forms of fasts and festivals and the lullables and folktales have always cherished this relationship.

- Shri Narendra Modi (Hon'ble Prime Minister)



Plantation exceeding the target



Year 2020 **1,47,38,040** plants

+



Year 2021 **1,07,21,245** plants

+



Year 2022 **1,01,24,333** plants



Year 2023 (August 22, 2023) **45,56,506** plants



Total 4,01,40,124 plants



Tree Plantation Campaign by Hon'ble Home Minister

Sankalp se Siddhi ke

Date	Location	Tree Species
1 March 2020	Kolkata	Mango
12 July 2020	Gurugram	People
25 July 2021	Sohra, Cherrapunji	Pipli
17 September 2021	Mudkhed, Nanded	Peepal
26 October 2021	Lethpore, Jammu Kashmir	Rudraksh
06 May 2022	Tinbigha Corridor, Cooch Bihar, West Bengal	Mango
24 September 2022	Kishanganj, Bihar	Neem
18 August 2023	Group Center, CRPF, Greater Noida, UP	Peepal



Special attention was paid to Carbon Sequestration in this campaign.



Sohra Cherrapunjee Tree Plantation: During the year 2021, the plantation was started by Assam Rifles to make the Sohra Plateau green again by adopting Cherrapunji area. There is a campaign to plant a total of 1 million saplings in an area of 1000 hectares in three years.

Further action plan

- On the instructions of the Hon'ble Union Home Minister, the Directors General of CAPFs have been requested to regularly review the development of planted saplings during the campaign of 03 years.
- The plantation teams (Green Warriors) involved in the Tree Plantation Drive are continuously taking care of these plants. If a planted plant gets damaged or dries due to any reason, then a new plant is planted in its place.
- Team-wise responsibilities have been assigned for the upkeep and care of these saplings till these saplings take the shape of a fully grown tree and become self-sustaining.



We should utilize natural resources and not exploit them. Due to indiscriminate development, global warming, and climate change have become two dreary threats to the world, in the presence of which no country needs other enemies. Tree plantation is the only way to save the environment today.

- **Shri Amit Shah** (Hon'ble Home Minister)



Police Training and Honour

Efforts to improve the Police system through teaching, research, empowerment and security

4//////

Establishment of National Police University



To meet the growing need for high quality trained manpower in various wings of Police, Criminal Justice and Correctional Administration, a National Police University by the name of National Defense University (RRU) has been set up.



RRU a teaching, research and affiliating university.



Will bring specialized knowledge and new skill sets to various wings of Police, Criminal Justice and Correctional Administration.

Military Welfare Measures:

Modi Government's priority to make our Jawans Ayushman

Time bound strategy work on three major challenges

Challenges

Lack of complete planning of Health Services.

Extremely low
Housing
satisfaction rate.

Exceeding duty limit.

Ayushman CAPF Scheme



- Modi government has given Ayushman CAPF card for health services of soldiers in 9 years.
- A total of 39,75,480 Ayushman CAPF cards have been distributed to the beneficiaries till July 2023.
- 22,879 Ayushman CAPF hospitals empaneled under the scheme are providing cashless health care services to the Central Armed Police Forces beneficiaries.
- A total of 7,95,305 claims amounting to ₹1001.46 crore were received till July 2023, out of which 3,16,842 claims have been paid (₹298.56 crore) and the remaining are in process.

Very low housing satisfaction ratio

- Houses are being constructed on a large scale by the Modi government to increase the housing satisfaction ratio to 59.02% by 2025-26.
- A total of 2512 quarters have been constructed by the Central Armed Police Forces for the year 2022-23 till
 March 2023. Also, the target is to construct 7816 quarters for the year 2023-24, out of which 220 quarters
 have been constructed by June 2023.
- To increase the housing satisfaction ratio, a target has been set to construct a total of 28546 houses from 2021 to 2026.
- A web-portal named CAPF e-Awas has been developed to bring transparency in the accommodation allotment process in the Central Armed Police Forces (CAPF).

Details of Registration on CAPF e-Awas Web-Portal:

Details	Period from September 1, 2022 to August 23, 2023
Total registration on CAPF 'e-Awas' portal	519905
Total No. of employee applied	73669
Total No. of allotment of Quarters	39556
Total No. of quarter accepted by the personnel	32571

Duty overload included

CAPF welfare measures for



In August-2019, the retirement age for all ranks of CAPFs personnel has been increased from 57 to 60 years.

Mobile application has been launched by WARB for grievance redressal.

As per the recommendation of the 7th Central Pay Commission, the Risk and Hardship Allowance has been increased for the personnel of the CAPFs & Ars.

With effect from November 8, 2019, additional HRA at the rate of 16% has been granted to the personnel of CAPFs posted in Kashmir Valley at the rate of 16% of basic pay.

Every jawan gets to spend at least 100 days with his family every Year.

Other Improvements

Recruitments:

- Modi government has increased the recruitment process in Central Armed Police Forces and Assam Rifles and 2,16,420 candidates have been recruited in Central Armed Police Forces and Assam Rifles in the General Duty cadre between 2014 and 2022. Apart from this, currently the examination process is going on for a total of 2073 (Sub-Inspector 1714 and Assistant Fighter 359) vacancies.
- SSC to conduct Constable (GD) exam on annual basis for five years (2022-2026) and a memorandum of understanding has been signed between SSC and MHA.
- In order to fill up the unfilled vacancies, the cut off marks for short listing candidates for PET/PST in the CT (GD) Exam, 2021 and future CT (GD) exams, have been reduced. As per revised order, minimum cut off will be UR-30%, OBC/EWS-25%, SC/ST/ESM-20% respectively.
- As a consideration for loss of time during Covid, age relaxation of 3 years has been prescribed for all categories of candidates as a one-time measure to the candidates of all categories for the recruitment of Constable (GD) in CAPFs, SSF and Rifleman (GD) in Assam Rifles Examination, 2022 and 2023.



Numerous new dimensions have been added to the world of crime today.

To deal with these challenges effectively, the police across the country

will have to work in collaboration and harmony with each other.

- Shri Amit Shah (Hon'ble Home Minister)



Incentives to NCC Cadets in employment

Bonus marks to NCC certificate holders in recruitment to SI (GD) & Constable (GD):-

5% for C certificate holder

3% for B certificate holder

2% for A certificate holder



Safeguarding the interest of female candidates appearing for PET in the examinations for filling up of posts in CAPFs & Ars.

In 2021 the clause that used to disqualify female candidates if detected pregnant at the time of PET was replaced with a new clause in which women candidates are declared only temporarily unfit if found pregnant.

Their appointment is now held in abeyance until the completion of confinement and re-examined for the Physical Efficiency Test (PET).

In PET, if found Fit, they are appointed to the same post with the benefit of seniority.

Kendriya Police Kalyan Bhandar (KPKB) (on the lines of CSD)

119 Master Kalyan Bhandar and 1748 subsidiary Kalyan Bhandar are currently functioning.

The turnover for the Financial Year 2022-23 was ₹2865 Crore.

KVIC: Presently 32 KVIC Products are being sold through KPKB. Total sales of KVIC products till July 31, 2023 were ₹67,86,805.

'CAPF Rehabilitation' – To facilitate retired CAPFs and Assam Rifles personnel for re-employment.

For 'CAPF Rehabilitation' e-platform has been launched.

There is a provision for retired personnel to upload their personal particulars on WARB website along with area of specialization and preferred location.

Enhancement of Ex-gratia amount:

Death in Action/High Altitude -₹15 Lakh to ₹35 Lakh

Death on duty -₹10 Lakh to ₹25 Lakh

Disability -₹9 Lakh to ₹20 Lakh

Sharing of Ex-gratia amount: In the year 2021, a provision was introduced for sharing of Ex-gratia lump sum compensation among the dependents and all eligible dependents (including parents) on the basis of nomination given by the government servant.

CAPF infrastructure for:

• In the CCS meeting on February 15, 2023, for the continuation of the Central Sector Scheme i.e., "Police Infrastructure: Construction Projects of Central Armed Police Forces, Central Police Organizations and Delhi Police" from the year 2021-22. Sanction has been given for the period 2025-26 with a financial outlay of ₹21661.03 crore. In this context the letter has been issued on February 24, 2023.



- The Technical Officers of the Engineering Wing in the Central Armed Police Forces have been authorized vide order dated May
 11, 2019 to exercise the powers of Technical Sanction, Tender Sanction etc. to execute works up to ₹15 Crores as par with the
 Technical Officers of the CPWD.
- Central Armed Police Forces have set an annual target of construction of 93 barracks for the year 2022-23, in which 35 barracks have been constructed till December 31, 2022. The target is to complete the construction of remaining barracks by March 31, 2023.
- As per MHA vide their letter dated January 19, 2023 has made enhancement of delegation of financial powers to DsG/Director of the CAPFs, Ars, NSG, IB & NIA for execution of;

Major Works from ₹15.00 crore to ₹20.00 crore.

Minor Works from ₹1.00 crore to ₹2.00 crore.

Land acquisition from ₹5.00 crore to ₹10.00 crore.

- During the year 2015, the Government has approved the construction of 13072 houses and 113 barracks for the Central Armed Police Forces at an estimated cost of ₹ 3090.98 crore, out of which 10925 houses have been built till June 2023, 1934 houses are under construction. Also, 108 barracks have been constructed and work on 04 is in progress.
- Central Armed Police Forces have completed the construction of 08 hospitals for the year 2022-23 by March 2023. Also, a total target of 13 hospitals has been set for the year 2023-24.

Women are also being recruited in your force:

- Keeping in view their needs, 124 women's barracks have been prepared and the work of construction of 109 women's barracks is in progress.
- Apart from this, the construction of 443 women's barracks is being considered in the Ministry of Home Affairs.
- 135 Border Outposts of Border Security Force, in which more than 03 acres of land is available, are being developed on the lines of Samagra Border Outpost.
- The houses or structures which are more than 20 years old are being renovated.
- Arrangement of drinking water is being ensured in all the border posts, especially in Rajasthan and Gujarat.
- Adequate funds have been made available so that drinking water can be made available at most of the border posts. Under the Jal Shakti Yojana, it is being discussed to make water arrangements available at the border outposts.
- Arrangements for electricity and solar power system are also being made at the border posts.
- From May-2019 to July-2023, an amount of ₹1046 crores have been approved for acquisition of 1968.18 acres of land and ₹5263.66 crore for infrastructure development of CAPFs, Assam Rifles & NSG.
- MoU has been signed on May 6, 2022 between Ministry of Home Affairs and Solar Energy Corporation of India Limited (SECI) for installation of Solar Power Panels in the campuses of CAPFs & NSG.
- Solar power panels are being installed on the RESCO model, where no amount will be spent by the 'Central Armed Police Forces and NSGs (CAPFs).
- The draft RFS (Request for Selection) and draft PPA (Power Purchase Agreement) for grid connected rooftop solar power panels have been finalized after incorporating the comments received from the CAPFS & NSG.

• SECI has already issued the tender i.e., RFS (Request for Selection). Bid has been opened on March 22, 2023.

Use of technology in Transfers of Force Personnel

- To ensure transparency and bring down the transfer-related grievances, software has been developed and transfers are now done in an electronic mode, minimizing human intervention.
- Transfers are done in electronic mode, thereby reducing human intervention.
- All forces have implemented this at the level of Ors and SOs. Around 85% transfers have been done through software till December 2022.



Introduction of e-APAR/Sparrow: To reduce delay and seamless filing of APARs

In order to reduce the delay in filing of APARs by CAPF personnel, all the forces were instructed to implement the system of e-APAR, which has already been implemented by all the forces in respect of Gazetted Officer and Subordinate Officer (Inspector).

Centralized Liquor Management System (CLMS)

A Centralized Liquor Management System (CLMS) software has been developed to maintain transparency in liquor management in the Forces.

Prime Minister's Scholarship Scheme (PMSS)

₹3000/- per month for girls and ₹2500/- per month for boys of serving and Ex-CAPFs personnel is released under the Prime Minister's Scholarship Scheme.

In addition to the existing 42 courses, 80 new professional/technical degree courses have been included from the Academic session 2020-21 under the Prime Minister's Scholarship Scheme.

This scholarship is for children and widows of martyrs and personnel of Central Armed Police Forces and Assam Rifles who want to pursue professional courses.

Since 2019, PMSS has also been extended to children of State police personnel who have been died in Terrorist/Naxal attacks.

'Bharat Ke Veer'

'Bharat Ke Veer' is an online portal to facilitate the general public to provide financial assistance to the martyrs/corona warriors of the Central Armed Police Forces, Assam Rifles and NSG.

Financial assistance is provided to the families of martyrs, corona warriors, parents of married martyrs, and personnel of CAPFs, AR & NSG who are boarded out due to injuries in the line of duty from the 'Bharat Ke Veer' portal/Corpus.

Till August 18 2023, financial assistance of Rs 78.68 crore has been provided (to the families of 598 martyrs/Kotona warriors) from the 'Bharat Ke Veer' portal fund and till now a total contribution of ₹450.91 crore has been received.



CAPFs in service during the Covid-19 pandemic

Played a key role in implementing the lockdown measures across the country.

CAPF distributed masks, sanitizers, food packets etc. to the general public through its civic action programmes.

10,000 bed capacity (world's largest Covid Care Centre) including 500 ICU beds Sardar Patel Covid Care Center and Hospital, Chhatarpur was established/operated.

9,63,568 personnel of CAPFs, Assam Rifles and NSG have received both doses of Covid-19 and 8,37,390 personnel have received Covid-19 precautionary doses.



Air Courier Services

Air courier services from remote areas for travel of CAPFs, Ars, NSG, NDRF & IB personnel have been provided while proceeding on leave/temporary duty on Daily/Weekly basis on & different routes.

Kendriya Police Kalyan Bhandar (KPKB)

Presently 119 Master Bhandar and 1958 Subsidiary Bhandar are functioning. Kendriya Police Kalyan Bhandar has been directed to sell only indigenous items in the Central Armed Police Stores w.e.f June 1, 2020.

Tree Plantation

A massive Tree Plantation Drive is being carried out by the CAPFs, Ars & NSG since the year 2020. Under the Tree Plantation Drive, 1,47,38,040 saplings have been planted by the CAPFs in the year 2020, 1,07,21,245 saplings in the year 2021, 1,01,24,333 saplings in the year 2022 and 45,56,506 saplings (Total 4,01,40,124 saplings) in the year 2023 (till August 22, 2023). Have passed apart from this, 1447 Vatikas have been dedicated by the Forces in the name of the martyrs.



Delhi Police

The Harbinger of the security of National Capital

1/////



Increase in workforce of Delhi Police

Continuous increase in personnel capaci

Indicators	2014	2022	Till, Aug, 2023
Total Sanctioned Strength of Delhi Police	84,536	94,358	94,254
Total present personnel strength of Delhi Police	77,479	78,630	81,180
Total number of women in Delhi Police	5,713	10,215	12,077
% of current women workforce	7.4%	13%	15.02%

The numbers of CCTVs cameras installed by the Delhi Police in the National Capital Territory of Delhi increased exponentially

Indicator	2006	2014	2022	Till, Aug, 2023
CCTV cameras installed by Delhi Police in NCT of Delhi	321	1,696	10,311	15,439

From 2006 to 2022, rapid growth noticed in the Vehicle Fleet of Delhi Police

Indicator	2006	2014	2022	Till, Aug, 2023
Vehicle	3,763	6,636	9,095	9,880

- * 10,997 vehicles (6553 + 4444 additional vehicles sanctioned in March, 2020) are authorized for Delhi Police.
- * Out of the additional sanctioned 4444 vehicles, sanction for purchase of 3327 vehicles has been accorded to Delhi Police so far.





Creation of posts in Delhi Police





During the year 2014-2022, a total of 9,812 posts from Inspector to Constable for Delhi Police were filled as per the details as follows:-

- 4,227 posts to separate crime investigation from law-and-order functions.
- 3,139 posts for Police Districts/Police Sub-Divisions/Police Stations.
- 2,388 posts were created for various units of Delhi Police including police stations and police posts.

A post of Financial Advisor was created.

Mission Recruitment



In this drive, 6,354 appointment letters have been issued under direct recruitment and 8823 employees (Inspector to Constable) have been promoted during 2021 to July 2023.

Special Reforms

12 committees were constituted under the Delhi Police Action Plan-2024.

These committees also presented a road map. Thereafter, a further perspective plan-2030 cum decadal plan has been prepared.

Law and order separated from investigation in all districts.

An impact assessment study on separation of law and order from investigation was carried out by independent teams.

The PCR unit has been made a separate unit as before. Training has been brought as a special vertical under Human Resource Division.

Perception
Management
Department has
been created in the
Police.

A separate Welfare Department has been created. 'Eat Right' scheme by Delhi Police and Ministry of Health: Balanced and nutritious food is provided in police canteens.

Other Reforms



Ease of reporting crime and citizen services.

Online registration for e-FIR instead of manual action for motor vehicle and other theft cases.

Online registration of cyber crime complaints.

Cyber Crime Reporting Facility No. 1930.

Emergency Response Support System (ERSS) 112. 24x7 Public Facilitation

Desk and;

Women's Help Desk in all Police Stations.

Installation and commissioning of 6630 CCTV cameras at 44 sensitive locations by Delhi Police under the jurisdiction of its 44 police stations (in 7 districts).

90

Time leaves behind the people who do not mould themselves according to it. We are proud that Delhi Police have transformed and prepared themselves according to the needs of the present era as well as for the upcoming challenges.

- **Shri Amit Shah** (Hon'ble Home Minister)



Empowerment of Delhi Police



Approval accorded to Delhi Police for procurement of 5000 Joint Venture Protective Carbines of ₹99.74 crore, from Small Arms Factories.

Approval accorded to Delhi Police for continuous engagement of social workers with an expenditure of ₹11.38 lakh for the project 'Violence Free Home - Right to Women'.

In 2022, the Ministry of Home Affairs through MTNL accorded approval for elevation of 104 existing Cyber Highway locations at a total cost of ₹19.91 crore.

Approval accorded for the project 'Using Artificial Intelligence for Multi-Modal Retrieval of People from Database' implemented through Indraprastha Institute of Information Technology (IIIT) at a cost of ₹43 lakhs.

During the period from May 31, 2019 to February 28, 2023, in 5000 programmes, Delhi Police has provided self-defense training to 8,62,894 women/girls.

Establishment of CCTNS Data Center and Disaster Recovery Center by Delhi Police at an estimated cost of ₹42.20 crore.

Delhi Police purchased 1874 new motorcycles in the year 2019-20.

In the financial year 2022-23, approval accorded to Delhi Police for the purchase of a total of 1024 vehicles (300 Maruti Ertiga, 200 Bolero, 100 Scorpio, 250 Innova Crysta, 100 Mini Buses, 40 Prison Vans, 32 Trucks, 02 Water Tankers).



Approval accorded to the Delhi Police for the purchase of 15 Mobile Forensic Vans in the financial year 2022-23.

In February 2020, under Intelligent Traffic Management System (ITMS), Red Light Speed Violation Detection System (RLVD) was installed at 24 intersections and 100 Over-Speed Violation Detection (OSVD) cameras were installed on various road locations in Delhi.

The Licensing Department of Delhi Police has developed the Arms License Book as a 'Smart Card'.

Employee Welfare

Approval accorded on September 23, 2020 for annual health checkup of Delhi Police personnel above 40 years of age. In order to improve the housing availability level for Delhi Police Personnel, approval accorded to Delhi Police for purchase of 501 ready built MIG flats at Narela from Delhi Development Authority with a total financial implication of ₹467.42 crore. Apart from this, 582 LIG flats and 200 MIG flats were purchased from DDA.



Ministry of Home Affairs Rapid Administrative improvement toward

smooth functioning



Effective implementation of E-office

- Electronic movement of files is being done on real time basis.
- Use of e-office has increased from 6.61% (2019) to 47.51%.
- MHA is working on the latest version 7.34 of e-File as on date.
- As per the directions of Hon'ble Home Minister, "Review date" module for files has been developed and incorporated in the e-office Instance of Ministry of Home Affairs.
- All employees data mapping has been updated.
- More than 82 training sessions were organized in which around 1865 officers/employees were trained to work in e-office.
- The average disposal time of receipts in MHA is 4.43 days.
- Since May 30, 2019, 61,938 files have been converted into e-file till date.
- Review is being done by each Joint Secretary of the details of his pending files in the e-office every day at a fixed time (11:00 am).

Regular review meetings

Weekly internal meeting of each division.

Regular review of the vision document

Ensured timely meetings of DPC in Ministry of Home Affairs and its attached/subordinate offices.

Achieving the goals/objectives of Atmanirbhar Bharat.



Accountability

RTI settlement.

The process of monitoring and execution of the court case from the making of the affidavit till the final decision on it.



Documentation

Classification and documentation of all important decisions by the Hon'ble Home Minister.

Monthly updation of classification and documentation of policy decisions and achievements of the Department.

Quick and timely execution of files

All the divisions have been requested to clear the pending files for 06 months at the earliest.

Record retention/weed-out of all the files/registers and all other records etc. is being done on monthly basis.

Parliamentary works

During last 3 years, 20 Bills/Resolutions were passed, on which a long discussion took place in the Lok Sabha for 65 hours 52 minutes and in the Rajya Sabha for 55 hours 57 minutes, in total the discussion in both the Houses was 121 hours 9 minutes. Landmark Bill: Article 370 repealed, amendment in Arms Act, merger of Delhi Municipal Corporations and establishment of National Defense University and National Forensic University.

Disposal of Parliament Questions/Assurances in a time bound manner.

If the creation of rules/regulations of any act passed by the Parliament is pending, then time bound action on it was ensured.

Reforms in Home Ministry

Detailed dialogue procedure at the ministry level.

All the work in all divisions is being done in the state language.

The scientific identification of issues: The issues that are present in the Home Ministry but they should be handled by another ministry are being transferred to the related ministry.

Presenting timely reports by committees formed, to lessen the burden of compliance on citizens and business activities.

Lessening the number of organizations/trusts/companies that come under the divisions of the Home Ministry.

Filling up the vacancies that may occur in the next five years in all the forces and at all levels in the offices that come under the Home Ministry.

Arrangements in the Ministry for timely resolving of problems of the people and for better connectivity with people and appointing trained persons to attend the calls of the people.

Decision on arrangement of solar energy for all residences and offices.

Women Safety

"The government has called for women-led development and is committed to ensuring the safety of women."

Major policy decisions

112 Emergency Response Support System (ERSS)

ERSS has enabled One-Nation, One-Emergency Number facility in the country.

National average response time is 20 minutes (till July, 2023).

Around 11.23 lakh users have downloaded the 112 India app.

Support System (ERSS) has been integrated with 139 Rail MADAD in all States/UTs.

112 Emergency Response

Over 46% of the total registered users on 112 India App are women.

112 have been made

operational in all 36

states and union

territories.

112 Emergency Response
Support Systems (ERSS) has
been integrated with 1078
National Disaster Helplines in
35 States and Union
Territories.

More than 27.10 crore

calls have been

handled so far.

110

Safe City Projects



8 cities (Delhi, Kolkata, Mumbai, Chennai, Hyderabad, Bengaluru, Ahmedabad and Lucknow) were approved under the Safe Cities Project.

Includes use of surveillance to alert police, installation of CCTV cameras.

A total of ₹1,434.58 crore has been disbursed to the respective States/UTs.

Installation of smart lighting system on dark streets and crime hot spots.

Toilets for women that can be marked on Google Maps.



Crime and Criminal Tracking Network and Systems (CCTNS)

- CCTNS is now deployed in all police stations in the country (16,716 police stations)
- Facilitate access to law enforcement officials nationally
- About 29.17 crore crime records including 8.28 crore FIRs and 5.94 crore charge sheets/final reports are available in CCTNS
- All States/UTs have started their Citizen Service Portals on CCTNS
- 13.85 crore requests have been processed so far
- Mahila Sahayak & Sulabh Police Stations: 13,557 WHDs already operational
- Establishment of Anti Human Trafficking Units in Districts:
 788 AHTUs are functional in the country
- Investigation of human trafficking cases by NIA
- Strengthening of science laboratories
- Distribution of Sexual Assault Evidence Collection Kits:
 17,320 Sexual Assault Evidence Kits distributed

- Evidence Collection Training: Training of 28,539 Officials
- ITSSO system: ITSSO compliance rate shows an increase from 43% in 2018 to 57.80% in 2023 (as on July 31, 2023). The overall disposal rate since its inception is 88.68%
- National Database of Sex Offenders (NDSO) Database:
 Contains data of more than 15.73 lakh sex offenders
- State-of-the-art DNA Analysis Center
- National Automated Fingerprint Identification System (NAFIS): Total NAFIS database size - 84,46,792
- Postponement Alert Module: 30,648 SMS alerts have been generated so far
- Modes Operandi Module: Online training was given to 120 Sub Inspectors. Now it is being linked with the CCTNS training conducted by NCRB in Delhi and Kolkata.

Criminal Law (Amendment) Act, 2018



Enacted to prescribe more stringent penal provisions, including death penalty, for rape of girls below 12 years of age

Directed to complete investigation and file charge sheet in rape cases in 2 months and to complete trial in 2 months

New Central Citizen Services



Three new Central Citizen Services have been launched by National Crime Records Bureau on digitalpolicecitizenservice.gov.in portal.

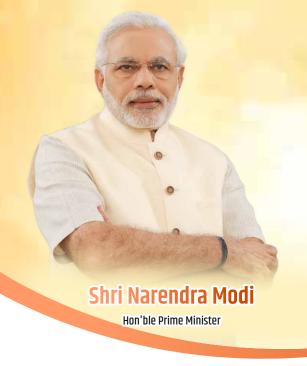


25,41,010 logins have been registered so far. The services related to women safety in these services include:

The Missing Person Search Service allows citizens to search for their missing relatives online from the National Database of Recovered Unidentified Persons/Unidentified Dead Bodies. 32,565 searches have been done.

Proclaimed Offenders Service: 60,462 vigilant citizens have accessed the information on proclaimed offenders.











Shri Amit Shah

Union Home Minister and Minister of Cooperation

Shri Rajnath Singh

Union Defence Minister Former Union Minister of Home Affairs (May 2014-May 2019)



Shri G. Kishan Reddy

Union Minister of Tourism, Culture and Development of North Eastern Region Former Union Minister of State for Home Affairs (May 2019-July 2021)



Shri Kiren Rijiju Union Minister of Earth Sciences Former Union Minister of State for Home Affairs (May 2014-May 2019)



Shri Nityanand Rai Union Minister of State for Home Affairs (May 2019-Present)

Shri Ajay Kumar Mishra



Shri Nisith Pramanik

Union Minister of State for Home Affairs Union Minister of State for Home Affairs (July 2021-Present) (July 2021-Present)



Shri Haribhai Parthibhai Chaudhary



Shri Hansraj Gangaram Ahir

Former Union Minister of State for Home Affairs (July 2016-May2019)